#### **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

#### SEC FORM - ACGR

#### ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

#### (A) Use of Form ACGR

This SEC Form shall be used to meet the requirements of the Revised Code of Corporate Governance.

### (B) Preparation of Report

These general instructions are not to be filed with the report. The instructions to the various captions of the form shall not be omitted from the report as filed. The report shall contain the numbers and captions of all items. If any item is inapplicable or the answer thereto is in the *negative*, an appropriate statement to that effect shall be made. Provide an explanation on why the item does not apply to the company or on how the company's practice differs from the Code.

### (C) Signature and Filing of the Report

- A. Three (3) complete set of the report shall be filed with the Main Office of the Commission.
- B. At least one complete copy of the report filed with the Commission shall be manually signed.
- C. All reports shall comply with the full disclosure requirements of the Securities Regulation Code.
- D. This report is required to be filed annually together with the company's annual report.

### (D) Filing an Amendment

Any material change in the facts set forth in the report occurring within the year shall be reported through SEC Form 17-C. The cover page for the SEC Form 17-C shall indicate "Amendment to the ACGR".

### **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

#### SEC FORM - ACGR

### ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

1. Report is Filed for the Year: 2012<sup>1</sup>

2. Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter: **GINEBRA SAN MIGUEL INC.** 

3. 3<sup>rd</sup> & 6<sup>th</sup> Floors, San Miguel Properties Centre,

1550

St. Francis Street, Ortigas Center, Mandaluyong City

Address of Principal Office Postal Code

4. SEC Identification Number: 142312 5. (SEC Use Only)

**Industry Classification Code** 

6. BIR Tax Identification Number: 000-083-856-000

7. **(632) 841-5100** 

Issuer's Telephone number, including area code

8. **N/A** 

Former name or former address, if changed from the last report

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Already reflects the Consolidated Changes to the ACGR for the year 2016.

Also updated to reflect information relative to the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company and Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company, both held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on the same date. Also updated per SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

Also updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

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### **BOARD MATTERS**

### 1) Board of Directors

Number of Directors per Articles of Incorporation	9
Actual number of Directors for the year	9

## (a) Composition of the Board<sup>2</sup>

Complete the table with information on the Board of Directors

Director's Name	Type [Executive (ED), Non- Executive (NED) or Independent Director (ID)]	If nominee , identify the principal	Nominator in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	Date first elected	Date last elected (if ID, state the number of years served as ID)	Elected when (Annual /Special Meeting)	No. of years served as director
Eduardo M.	ED	N/A	Ramon S.	October	May 25,	Annual	18
Cojuangco, Jr.			Ang	21, 1998	2017	Meeting	
Ramon S. Ang	ED	N/A	Ramon S.	April 4,	May 25,	Annual	17
			Ang	2000	2017	Meeting	1,
Bernard D. <sup>3</sup>	ED	N/A	Ramon S.	May 12,	May 25,	Annual	6
Marquez			Ang	2011	2017	Meeting	U
Leo S. Alvez	NED	N/A	Ramon S.	April 24,	May 25,	Annual	15
			Ang	2002	2017	Meeting	13
Gabriel S.	NED	N/A	Ramon S.	November	May 25,	Annual	6
Claudio			Ang	10, 2010	2017	Meeting	U
Francisco S.	NED	N/A	Ramon S.	May 28,	May 25,	Annual	2
Alejo III			Ang	2015	2017	Meeting	2
Mario K. Surio	NED	N/A	Ramon S.	May 28,	May 25,	Annual	2
			Ang	2015	2017	Meeting	2
Minita V.	ID	N/A	Ramon S.	March 9,	May 25,	Annual	5
Chico-Nazario			Ang	2012	2017	Meeting	5
Aurora S.	ID	N/A	Ramon S.	March 15	May 25	Regular	Less
Lagman <sup>4</sup>			Ang	March 15, 2017	May 25, 2017	Board	than 1
				2017	2017	Meeting	year.
Aurora T.	NED	N/A	Ramon S.	November	November	Regular	Less
Calderon⁵			Ang	9, 2017	9, 2017	Board	than 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Updated to reflect information relative to the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company and Organizational Meeting of the Board both held on May 25, 2017 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on the same date. Number of years as director, updated as of May 30, 2017.

Updated to reflect information relative to the demise of Director Villaruz as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on November 2, 2016. Updated to reflect information relative to the election of Ms. Aurora T. Calderon as Director of the Company as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Elected as Independent Director of the Company vice Justice Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. (Ret.) as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on March 15, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Updated to reflect information relative to the election of Ms. Aurora T. Calderon as Director of the Company as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

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(b) Provide a brief summary of the corporate governance policy that the board of directors has adopted. Please emphasis the policy/ies relative to the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and of other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities.<sup>6</sup>

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company has adopted a Manual of Corporate Governance and amended the same on March 30, 2013 (the "CG Manual"). The CG Manual aims to institutionalize the principles of good corporate governance in the entire organization. The Company's Board, Management, Officers, employees and shareholders believe that corporate governance is a necessary component of what constitutes sound strategic business management and will therefore undertake every effort necessary to create awareness thereof within the organization as soon as possible. On May 8, 2014, the Board again amended the CG Manual to align the provisions thereof with the SEC Memorandum Circulars Nos. 5 and 20, Series of 2013, and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 1, Series of 2014, which affect the duties of the Compliance Officer, Corporate Secretary and Directors, as well as the requirement relating to directors' attendance in Board meetings. Thereafter, on July 17, 2014, the Board further amended the CG Manual to incorporate the revisions made by the SEC to the Revised Code of Corporate Governance embodied in SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, Series of 2014.

Recently, on May 25, 2017, the Board again amended the CG Manual to consider the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19, Series of 2016. In consonance with the said circular, the Board on November 9, 2017, approved the respective Charters of the Audit and Risk Oversight Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and Executive Compensation Committee.<sup>7</sup>

The Company recognizes that the most cogent proof of good corporate governance is that which is visible to the eyes of its investors. Thus, among others, provisions on the following matters affecting shareholders were provided in the Section 5 (Shareholders' Benefit) of the CG Manual: voting rights, pre-emptive rights, power of inspection, right to information, right to dividends and appraisal rights.

On respecting the rights of minority shareholders, Section 5 of the CG Manual expressly provides, among others the following provisions: that the Board is committed to respect the rights of the shareholders and minority interests; that a director shall not be removed without cause if it will deny minority shareholders representation in the Board; that minority shareholders shall be granted the right to propose the holding of the meeting and the right to propose items in the agenda of the meeting; and that they shall have access to any and all information relating to matters for which the Management is accountable for.

On disclosure duties, Section 4 of the CG Manual lays down the reportorial or disclosure System of the Company's corporate governance policies which essentially provides that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed.

On Board responsibilities, the Company's CG Manual espouses the belief that compliance with the principles of good corporate governance shall start with the Board of Directors. Thus, the said manual is replete with provisions relative to the duties and responsibilities of the Board. In sum, the Board's general responsibility is as follows: It shall be the Board's responsibility to foster the long-term success of the Company and secure its sustained competitiveness in a manner consistent with its fiduciary responsibility, which it shall exercise in the best interest of the Company, its shareholders and other stakeholders. The Board is responsible for formulating the Company's vision, mission, strategic objectives, policies and procedures that shall guide its activities, including the means to effectively monitor Management's performance. The Board shall conduct itself with utmost honesty and integrity in the discharge of its duties, functions and responsibilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Updated to reflect the provisions of the Company's Amended/New Manual of Corporate Governance which considered the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which was approved and adopted by the Board during its Organizational Meeting held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on the same day.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Updated to reflect information disclosed in Sec Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

(c) How often does the Board review and approve the vision and mission?

The Board, as the need arises and upon the recommendation of Management, reviews and approves the vision and mission of the Company. The Board, during its meeting held on November 9, 2012 reviewed and approved the new vision and mission of the Company.

## (d) Directorship in Other Companies<sup>8</sup>

## (i) Directorship in the Company's Group<sup>9</sup>

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who hold the office of director in other companies within its Group (Ginebra San Miguel Group):

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	San Miguel Corporation	ED, Chairman & CEO
Ramon S. Ang	Top Frontier Investment Holdings, Inc.	ED, CEO & President
	San Miguel Corporation	ED, Vice Chairman, President &
		coo
	Distileria Bago, Inc.	NED, Chairman
	Thai San Miguel Liquor Company Limited	NED
	Ginebra San Miguel International Limited	NED, Chairman
Bernard D. Marquez <sup>10</sup>	Distileria Bago, Inc.	ED, President
	East Pacific Star Bottlers Phils Inc.	ED, President
	Agricrops Industries, Inc.	ED, President
	Healthy Condiments, Inc.	ED, President
	Thai San Miguel Liquor Company	NED
	Limited	
	Thai Ginebra Trading	NED
	Siam Wine and Liquor Limited	NED
	Ginebra San Miguel International Limited	NED
	GSM International Holdings Limited	NED
	Siam Holdings Limited	NED
	Global Beverage Holdings Limited	NED
Leo S. Alvez	San Miguel Corporation	NED
Minita V. Chico-Nazario	Top Frontier Investment Holdings Inc.	ID
Aurora T. Calderon <sup>11</sup>	San Miguel Corporation	ED
	Top Frontier Investment Holdings Inc.	NED
	Thai San Miguel Liquor Company	NED
	Limited	
	Distileria Bago, Inc.	NED

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 28, 2015, the date of the Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company. Further updated to reflect information as of December 31, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Group is composed of the parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the company.

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Updated to reflect information disclosed in Sec Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

5 . 5 . 6 . 5	
East Pacific Star Bottlers Inc.	ED

### (ii) Directorship in Other Listed Companies

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who are also directors of publicly-listed companies outside of its Group (Ginebra San Miguel Group):

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc., Petron Corporation <sup>12</sup>	NED, Chairman ED, Chairman
Ramon S. Ang	Petron Corporation <sup>13</sup> San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc. Liberty Telecoms Holding, Inc. San Miguel Brewery Hong Kong Limited Petron Malaysia Refining & Marketing Berhad	ED, Chairman ED, President & CEO NED NED, Chairman NED, Chairman NED, Chairman NED, Chairman
Francisco S. Alejo III	San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc.	ED, President
Minita V. Chico-Nazario	San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc. <sup>14</sup>	ID
Aurora T. Calderon <sup>15</sup>	Petron Corporation	NED

## (iii) Relationship within the Company and its Group

Provide details, as and if applicable, of any relation among the members of the Board of Directors, which links them to significant shareholders in the company and/or in its group:

Director's Name	Name of the Significant Shareholder	Description of the relationship
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	San Miguel Corporation	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Ramon S. Ang	San Miguel Corporation	Vice-Chairman, President and Chief Operating Officer
	Top Frontier Investment Holdings, Inc.	Chief Executive Officer & President
Leo S. Alvez	San Miguel Corporation	Director

(iv) Has the company set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies (publicly listed, ordinary and companies with secondary license) that an individual director or CEO may hold simultaneously? In particular, is the limit of five board seats in other publicly listed companies imposed and observed? If yes, briefly describe other guidelines:<sup>16</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Mr. Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr. is now the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Petron Corporation, having been elected as such on February 10, 2015. Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on February 11, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Mr. Ramon S. Ang resigned as Chairman of the Board of Directors of Petron Corporation ("Petron"). He is now the President of Petron.

having been elected as such on February 10, 2015. Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on February 11, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Minita V. Chico-Nazario was elected as Independent Director of San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc. on May 8, 2015. Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on May 13, 2015.

 $<sup>^{15}</sup>$  Updated to reflect information disclosed in Sec Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Updated to reflect the provisions of the Company's Amended/New Manual of Corporate Governance which considered the provisions

The Company provides in its CG Manual, a "Policy on Multiple Board Seats", which provides that a "A director shall exercise due discretion in accepting and holding directorships other than in the Corporation, provided that, in holding such other directorships, such director shall ensure that his capacity to diligently and efficiently perform his duties and responsibilities as a director of the Corporation is not compromised."

The Company has also adopted the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies that the Board's Independent Directors shall serve for a maximum cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon reaching this limit, an Independent Director should be perpetually barred from re-election as such in the Corporation, but may continue to qualify for nomination and election as a non-independent Director. In the instance that the Corporation needs to retain an Independent Director who has served for nine (9) years, the Board shall provide meritorious justifications and seek shareholders' approval during the regular stockholders' meeting.

## (e) Shareholding in the Company<sup>17</sup>

Complete the following table on the members of the Company's Board of Directors who directly and indirectly own shares in the company:

Name of Director	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Ramon S. Ang	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Bernard D. Marquez <sup>18</sup>	30,000	N/A	0.00%
Leo S. Alvez	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Gabriel L. Claudio	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Francisco S. Alejo III	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Mario K. Surio	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Minita V. Chico Nazario	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Aurora S. Lagman <sup>19</sup>	5,000	N/A	0.00%
Aurora T. Calderon	5,000	N/A	0.00%

#### 2) Chairman and CEO

(a)	Do different persons assume the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO? If no, describe the che	cks
	and balances laid down to ensure that the Board gets the benefit of independent views.	

Yes	No	٧
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The duties and responsibilities of the Chairman and CEO are properly laid down in the Company's By-laws and CG Manual, which help in the maintenance of proper checks and balances to ensure that the Board obtains the benefit of independent views and perspectives.

Identify the Chair and CEO:

of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which was approved and adopted by the Board during its Organizational Meeting held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on the same day.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Information under this item only refers to the incumbent members of the Board of Directors who were elected during the Regular Stockholders' Meeting held on May 25, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Elected as Independent Director of the Company vice Justice Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. (Ret.) as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on March 15, 2017.

Chairman of the Board/CEO	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.
President	Ramon S. Ang <sup>20</sup>

# (b) Roles, Accountabilities and Deliverables

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Chairman and CEO.<sup>21</sup>

	Chairman	Chief Executive Officer
Role	The Company's By-laws prescribed that the Chairman of the Board shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He is the Head of the Board and presides at meetings of the directors and stockholders.  He shall exercise such other powers and performs such other functions and duties as the Board may assign.	Responsible for the general supervision, administration and management of business of the Company (As provided in the Company by-laws and CG Manual Exercise such other powers and performs such other functions and duties as the Board may assign.
Accountabilities	Accountable to all shareholders of the Company.	Accountable to all shareholders of the Company.
Deliverables	The Chairman also has the following roles and responsibilities:  o Ensures that the meetings of the Board are held in accordance with the By-laws of the Corporation or as the Chairman may deem necessary;  o Supervises the preparation of the agenda of the meeting in coordination with the Corporate Secretary, taking into consideration the suggestions of Management and the Directors, and makes certain that the meeting agenda focuses on strategic matters, including the overall risk appetite of the Corporation, considering the developments in the business and regulatory environments, key governance concerns, and contentious issues that will significantly affect operations;	As Chief Executive Officer, he is responsible for the general supervision, administration and management of the business of the Corporation. He has the following roles and responsibilities, among others:  a. Determines the Corporation's strategic direction and formulate and implement its strategic plan on the direction of the business;  b. Communicates and implements the Corporation's vision, mission, values and overall strategy and promotes any organization or stakeholder change in relation to the same;  c. Oversees the operations of the Corporation and manages human and financial resources in accordance with the strategic plan;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Updated to reflect information relative to the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company, held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on the same date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Updated to reflect the provisions of the Company's Amended/New Manual of Corporate Governance which considered the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which was approved and adopted by the Board during its Organizational Meeting held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on the same day.

receives accurate, timely, relevant, insightful, concise and clear information to enable it to make sound decisions:

- o Facilitates discussions on key issues by fostering an environment conducive for constructive debate and leveraging on the skills and expertise of individual Directors;
- o Ensures that the Board sufficiently challenges and inquires on reports submitted and representations made by Management;
- o Assures the availability of proper orientation for first-time Directors and continuing training opportunities for all Directors;
- o Makes sure that performance of the Board is evaluated at least one a year and discussed/followed up on; and
- o Maintains qualitative and timely lines of communication and information between the Board and Management.

- d. Has a good working knowledge of the Corporation's industry and market and keeps up-to-date with its core business purpose;
- e. Directs, evaluates and guides the work of the key Officers of the Corporation;
- f. Manages the Corporation's resources prudently and ensures a proper balance of the same;
- g. Provides the Board with timely information and interfaces between the Board and the employees;
- h. Builds the corporate culture and motivates the employees of the Corporation; and
- i. Serves as the link between internal operations and external stakeholders.

3) Explain how the board of directors' plan for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and the top key management positions?

The Board through the Executive Compensation Committee review, among others, the promotion and career advancement directives of the Company. (Sec 2.2.2.2.1 CG Manual).

The Company also has a Management Development Program (MDP) which is a holistic and purposive program aimed at ensuring the timely availability of the required number of employees at the middle level and up, with the necessary education, experience and personal characteristics, to fulfill short- and long-term needs of the organization.

4) Other Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors<sup>22</sup>

Does the company have a policy of ensuring diversity of experience and background of directors in the board? Please explain.

Yes. The Company's CG Manual, requires, among others, that all its directors be at least college graduates or have sufficient experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal education.

Further, the Company's CG Manual as amended on May 25, 2017 provides that the Board shall formulate, adopt and implement a policy on Board diversity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Updated to reflect the provisions of the Company's Amended/New Manual of Corporate Governance which considered the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which was approved and adopted by the Board during its Organizational Meeting held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on the same day.

Does it ensure that at least one non-executive director has an experience in the sector or industry the company belongs to? Please explain.

Yes. The Company's CG Manual, requires, among others, that all its directors be at least college graduates or have sufficient experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal education.

Further, the Company's CG Manual as amended on May 25, 2017 provides that the Board shall formulate, adopt and implement a policy on Board diversity.

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors:

	Executive	Non-Executive	Independent Director
Role	The Company's By-Laws prescribe that the President, who shall be a director, shall be the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and shall have general supervision and direction of the day to day business affairs of the Company. He is the official representative of the Company to the Board. He presents the Company's performance to the Board and serves as the link between Management and the Board.	The Board's duty is to foster the long-term success of the Company and secure its sustained competitiveness in a manner consistent with its fiduciary responsibility, which it shall exercise in the best interest of the Company, its shareholders and other stakeholders.  The Board is responsible for formulating the Company's vision, mission, strategic objectives, policies and procedures that shall guide its activities, including the means to effectively monitor Management's performance.  The Board shall ensure a high standard of best practice for the Company and its stakeholders, as reflected in its numerous duties and responsibilities, including but not limited to the following:  Implement a process of selection to ensure a mix of competent	Independent directors perform the same roles, duties and responsibilities as Non-Executive Directors. Their role is to exercise independent judgment in carrying out their responsibilities as a director.  An Independent Director also chairs the Audit and Risk Oversight Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee.

directors and officers who can add value and contribute independent judgment to the formulation of sound corporate strategies and policies;

- Appoint competent, professional, honest and highlymotivated Management officers and adopt an effective succession planning program for Management;
- Provide sound strategic policies and guidelines on major capital expenditures and other programs to sustain the Company's long-term viability and strength, and periodically evaluate and monitor the implementation of such policies and strategies;
- Formulate a clear policy on accurately, timely and effectively communicating or relating with

- the Company's stakeholders and agencies regulating the Company;
- Adopt a system
   of internal
   checks and
   balances, and
   to review
   regularly the
   effectiveness
   thereof;
- Formulate and implement and policies procedures that would ensure the integrity and transparency of related party transactions between and among the Company and its parent company, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, major shareholders, Officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents, and of interlocking director relationships by members of the Board;

The Board shall also have the following oversight responsibilities, to name a few, for ensuring the presence of adequate and effective internal control mechanisms:

- Establish organizational and operational controls commensurate among with, others, the and nature complexity of the business of the Company and its culture, volume, size and complexity of transactions; degree of risks involved, degree of centralization and delegation of authority; extent and effectiveness of information technology; and extent of regulatory compliance;
- Ensure that an independent audit mechanism is in place to the monitor adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's governance, operations and information systems, including the reliability and integrity of financial and operational information, the  $\it effectiveness$

	The Supporting Directors in	and efficiency of operations, the safeguarding of assets, and compliance with laws, rules, regulations and contracts.	
Accountabilities	The Executive Director is accountable to all the shareholders of the Company as he is in charge of the day to day operations of the Company.	The Board is accountable to the shareholders and stakeholders and should thus ensure that they are provided with an adequate assessment of the Company's business condition, position and prospects through the filing of reports required	In addition to the accountabilities of Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors are also expected to ensure that their independence is maintained.  They are likewise,
		by law and regulators. The Board should also ensure that they are informed of important developments in the Company.	expected to as much as possible attend the meetings of the Board and Board Committee meetings to promote transparency.
Deliverables	Improved shareholder value	Improved shareholder value	Improved shareholder value

Provide the company's definition of "independence" and describe the company's compliance to the definition.

As provided in the Company's CG Manual, an "Independent Director" is a person who, apart from his fees and shareholdings, has no business or relationship with the Corporation, which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the exercise of his independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities as a director. An Independent Director shall submit to the Corporate Secretary a certification confirming that he possesses all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications of an Independent Director at the time of his election and/or re-election as an Independent Director.

Does the company have a term limit of five consecutive years for independent directors? If after two years, the company wishes to bring back an independent director who had served for five years, does it limit the term for no more than four additional years? Please explain.

The Company has adopted the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies that the Board's Independent Directors shall serve for a maximum cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon reaching this limit, an Independent Director should be perpetually barred from re-election as such in the Corporation, but may continue to qualify for nomination and election as a non-independent Director. In the instance that the Corporation needs to retain an Independent Director who has served for nine (9) years, the Board shall provide meritorious justifications and seek shareholders' approval during the regular stockholders' meeting.

- 5) Changes in the Board of Directors (Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors)
  - (a) Resignation/Death/Removal

Indicate any changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that happened during the period<sup>23</sup>:

Name	Position	Date of Cessation	Reason
Carmelo L. Santiago	Independent Director	March 7, 2012	Resignation (To focus on his other business endeavors)
Carlos Palanca III	Independent Director	March 31, 2012	Resignation (To focus on his other business endeavors)
Angelina S. Gutierrez	Independent Director	October 8, 2014	Resignation (in the light of her appointment as a member of the Judicial and Bar Council.
Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. <sup>24</sup>	Independent Director	October 30, 2016	He passed away on October 30, 2016
Bernard D. Marquez <sup>25</sup>	Director	September 30, 2017	Resignation (To attend to personal matters and interests)

# (b) Selection/Appointment, Re-election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension<sup>26</sup>

Describe the procedures for the selection/appointment, re-election, disqualification, removal, reinstatement and suspension of the members of the Board of Directors. Provide details of the processes adopted (including the frequency of election) and the criteria employed in each procedure:

Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
a. Selection/Appointme	ent	
(i) Executive Directors	Nomination and Election  Nomination:  As prescribed in the Company's Bylaws, nomination for the election of directors may be made by the Board as well as by any shareholder entitled to vote for the election of directors if such shareholder complies with the following:	As provided in the Company's By-laws and CG Manual, the following are the criteria:  Qualifications:  He shall hold at least five thousand (5,000) shares of stock of the Company;
	<ul> <li>Nominations shall be received by the Chairman of the Board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>He shall be at least a college graduate or</li> </ul>
	of Directors (which	have sufficient

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Period referred to here is from 2012 to 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 2, 2016.

 $<sup>^{25}</sup>$  As disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Updated to reflect the provisions of the Company's Amended/New Manual of Corporate Governance which considered the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which was approved and adopted by the Board during its Organizational Meeting held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on the same day.

- nominations may be sent to such Chairman in care of the Secretary of the Corporation), on or before January 20 or at such earlier or later date that the Board may fix. (As amended on March 25, 1999).
- Each nomination shall set forth (i) the name, age, business address and, known, residence address of each nominee, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of each such nominee, (iii) the number of shares of stock of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by each such nominee, and (iv) the interest and positions held by each nominee other in corporations. In addition, the shareholder making nomination shall promptly provide any other information reasonably requested by the Corporation.

The Board, by a majority vote unless a greater majority is required under this By-Laws, in its discretion, determine and declare that a nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedures, and/or that a nominee is qualified for election as Director under this By-Laws and if the Board should so determine, the defective nomination and the nomination of a disqualified person shall be disregarded. (As amended on 28 September 1994).

As prescribed in the Company's CG Manual, the nominees are then prescreened and shortlisted by the Nomination and Hearing Committee<sup>27</sup> in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications as provided in the

- experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal education;
- He shall be at least twenty-one (21) years old;
- He shall have proven to possess integrity and probity; and
- He shall be assiduous;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> The functions of the Nomination and Hearing Committee has been subsumed by the Corporate Governance Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

	Company's CG Manual.	
	Election:	
	As prescribed in the Company's By-laws the members of the Board shall be elected at the regular meeting of stockholders.	
	Nomination and Election	As provided in the Company's By-laws and CG Manual, the
	Nomination:	following are the criteria:
	As prescribed in the Company's By-	Qualifications:
	laws, nomination for the election of directors may be made by the Board, as well as by any shareholder entitled to vote for the election of directors if such shareholder complies with the following:	<ul> <li>He shall hold at least five thousand (5,000) shares of stock of the Company;</li> </ul>
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	<ul> <li>Nominations shall be received by the Chairman of the Board of Directors (which nominations may be sent to such Chairman in care of the Secretary of the Corporation), on or before January 20 or at such earlier or later date that the Board may fix. (As amended on March 25, 1999).</li> <li>Each nomination shall set forth (i) the name, age, business address and, if known, residence address of each nominee, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of each such nominee, (iii) the number of shares of stock of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by each such nominee, and (iv) the interest and positions held by each nominee in other corporations. In addition, the shareholder making such nomination shall promptly provide any other information reasonably requested by the Corporation.</li> <li>The Board, by a majority vote unless a greater majority is required under this By-Laws, may, in its discretion, determine and declare that a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>He shall be at least a college graduate or have sufficient experience in managing the business to substitute for such formal education;</li> <li>He shall be at least twenty-one (21) years old;</li> <li>He shall have proven to possess integrity and probity; and</li> <li>He shall be assiduous;</li> </ul>

nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedures, and/or that a nominee is qualified for election as Director under this By-Laws and if the Board should so determine, the defective nomination and the nomination of a disqualified person shall be disregarded. (As amended on 28 September 1994). As prescribed in the Company's CG Manual, the nominees are then prescreened and shortlisted by the Nomination and Hearing Committee<sup>28</sup> in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications as provided in the Company's CG Manual. Election: As prescribed in the Company's By-laws the members of the Board shall be elected at the regular meeting of stockholders. Nomination and Election As provided in the Company's By-laws and CG Manual, the following are the criteria: Nomination: Qualifications: As prescribed in the Company's Bylaws, nomination for the election of directors may be made by the Board, as He shall hold at least well as by any shareholder entitled to five thousand vote for the election of directors if such (5,000) shares of shareholder complies with stock of the (iii) Independent following: Company; Directors Nominations shall be received He shall be at least a by the Chairman of the Board college graduate or Directors have sufficient (which nominations may be sent to experience in such Chairman in care of the managing the Secretary of the Corporation), business to on or before January 20 or at substitute for such such earlier or later date that formal education; the Board may fix. (As

<sup>28</sup> The functions of the Nomination and Hearing Committee has been subsumed by the Corporate Governance Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

amended on March 25, 1999).

- Each nomination shall set forth (i) the name, age, business address and, known, residence address of each nominee, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of each such nominee, (iii) the number of shares of stock of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by each such nominee, and (iv) the interest and positions held by each nominee in other corporations. In addition, the shareholder making such nomination shall promptly provide any other information reasonably requested by the Corporation.
- The Board, by a majority vote unless a greater majority is required under this By-Laws, may, in its discretion, determine and declare that a nomination was not made in accordance with the foregoing procedures, and/or that a nominee is qualified for election as Director under this By-Laws and if the Board should so determine, the defective nomination and the nomination of a disqualified person shall be disregarded. (As amended on 28 September 1994).

As prescribed in the Company's CG Manual, the nominees are then prescreened and shortlisted by the Nomination and Hearing Committee<sup>29</sup> in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications as provided in the Company's CG Manual.

## Election:

As prescribed in the Company's By-laws the members of the Board shall be elected at the regular meeting of

- He shall be at least twenty-one (21) years old;
- He shall have proven to possess integrity and probity; and
- He shall be assiduous;

In addition, an Independent Director should, apart from his fees and shareholdings, have no business or relationship with the Company, which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the exercise of his independent judgment in out carrying responsibilities as a director.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> The functions of the Nomination and Hearing Committee has been subsumed by the Corporate Governance Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

	stockholders. In addition, as provided in the Company By-laws, during the regular meeting of stockholders, the Chairman of the meeting informs all stockholders in attendance of the mandatory requirement of electing independent directors.	
b. Re-appointment		
(i) Executive Directors	The procedure for the Selection/Appointment of Executive Directors as discussed above is also adopted in case of re-appointment.	The criteria for the Selection/Appointment of Executive Directors as discussed above are the same criteria used for reappointment.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The procedure for the Selection/Appointment of Non-Executive Directors as discussed above is also adopted in case of reappointment.	The criteria for the Selection/Appointment of Non-Executive Directors as discussed above are the same criteria used for reappointment.
(iii) Independent Directors	The procedure for the Selection/Appointment of Independent Directors a discussed above is also adopted in case of re-appointment.	The criteria for the Selection/Appointment of Independent Directors as discussed above are the same criteria used for reappointment. However, in reappointment, the provisions on term limits of directors as provided in SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, series of 2011, is taken into account.
c. Permanent Disqualific		
(i) Executive Directors	The Executive Director will be considered resigned from office and will no longer be considered for nomination and election as director in the succeeding annual stockholders' meeting of the Company.	Any of the following shall be a ground for permanent disqualification of a director of the Company:  O Any person convicted by final judgment or order by a competent judicial or administrative body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase or sale of securities, as defined in the Securities Regulation Code; (b) arises out of the person's conduct as an underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal, distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant,

commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them;

Any person who, by reason of misconduct, after hearing, is permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the SEC or any court or administrative body of competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as an underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal, distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (b) acting as director or officer of a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house, or investment company; (c) engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in any of the capacities mentioned in both (a) and (b) of this paragraph, or willfully violating the laws that govern securities and banking activities.

The disqualification shall also apply if: (a) such person is currently the subject of an order of the SEC or any court administrative body or denying, revoking suspending any registration, license or permit issued to him under the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code or any other law administered by the SEC or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas ("BSP"), or under any rule or regulation issued by the SEC or BSP; (b) such person or has otherwise been restrained from engaging in any activity

involving securities and banking; or (c) such person is currently the subject of an effective order of a self-regulatory organization suspending or expelling him from membership, participation or association with a member or participant of the organization;

- 0 Any person convicted by final judgment or order of a competent judicial or administrative body of an offense involving turpitude, moral fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent acts or transgressions;
- Any person who has been adjudged by final iudament or order of the SEC or a competent court or other administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of any provision of the Securities Regulation Code, the Corporation Code, any other or law administered by the SEC or BSP, or any rule, regulation or order of the SEC or BSP;
- Any person found guilty by final judgment or order of a foreign court or equivalent financial regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations misconduct or listed in the foregoing paragraphs;
- o Any person judicially declared to be insolvent;
- Conviction by final

		judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a period exceeding six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code, committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his election or appointment; and  o Other grounds as the SEC may provide. The foregoing grounds for disqualification apply to all directors — Executive, Non-Executive and Independent
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The Non-Executive Director will be considered resigned from office and will no longer be considered for nomination and election as director in the succeeding annual stockholders' meeting of the Company.	Directors.  Same grounds for permanent disqualifications of Executive Directors are applicable in the case of Non-Executive Directors.
(iii) Independent Directors	The Independent Director will be considered resigned from office and will no longer be considered for nomination and election as director in the succeeding annual stockholders' meeting of the Company.	Same grounds for permanent disqualifications of Executive Directors are applicable in the case of Independent Directors.
d. Temporary Disqualif	ication	
	A temporarily disqualified Director shall, within sixty (60) business days from such disqualification, take the appropriate action to remedy or correct the disqualification. If he fails or refuses to do so for unjustified reasons, the disqualification shall become permanent, except in the case of temporary disqualification where the Independent Director becomes an Officer, employee or consultant of the Corporation, in which case such disqualified Independent Director shall become eligible for election as Independent Director after the lapse of three (3) years from the termination of his officership, employment or consultancy with the Corporation.	Any of the following shall be a ground for the temporary disqualification of a Director:  o Refusal to fully disclose the extent of his business interest or comply with disclosure requirements as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. This disqualification shall be in effect as long as his refusal persists; o Absence in more than fifty percent (50%) of all meetings, both regular and special, of the Board of Directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident.

		This disqualification applies for purposes of the succeeding election; o Dismissal or termination for cause as director of any publicly-listed company, public company, registered issuer of securities and holder of a secondary license from the SEC. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination; o If any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for the permanent disqualification of Directors has not yet become final; and
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	A temporarily disqualified Director shall, within sixty (60) business days from such disqualification, take the appropriate action to remedy or correct the disqualification. If he fails or refuses to do so for unjustified reasons, the disqualification shall become permanent, except in the case of temporary disqualification where the Independent Director becomes an Officer, employee or consultant of the Corporation, in which case such disqualified Independent Director shall become eligible for election as Independent Director after the lapse of three (3) years from the termination of his officership, employment or consultancy with the Corporation.	Any of the following shall be a ground for the temporary disqualification of a Director:  o Refusal to fully disclose the extent of his business interest or comply with disclosure requirements as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. This disqualification shall be in effect as long as his refusal persists; o Absence in more than fifty percent (50%) of all meetings, both regular and special, of the Board of Directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. This disqualification applies for purposes of the succeeding election; o Dismissal or termination for cause as director of any publicly-listed company, registered issuer of securities and holder

of a secondary license from the SEC. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination; o If any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for the permanent disqualification of Directors has not yet become final; and A temporarily disqualified Director Any of the following shall be shall, within sixty (60) business days a ground for the temporary from such disqualification, take the disqualification of a Director: appropriate action to remedy or correct the disqualification. If he fails or o Refusal to fully disclose refuses to do so for unjustified reasons, the extent of his business the disqualification shall become interest or comply with permanent, except in the case of disclosure requirements as temporary disqualification where the required under the Securities Independent Director becomes an Regulation Code and its Officer, employee or consultant of the *Implementing* Rules and Corporation, in which case such Regulations. This disqualified Independent Director shall disqualification shall be in become eligible for election as effect as long as his refusal Independent Director after the lapse of persists; three (3) years from the termination of o Absence in more than fifty officership, employment percent (50%) of all meetings, consultancy with the Corporation. both regular and special, of the Board of Directors during his incumbency, or any twelve (iii) Independent (12) month period during said Directors incumbency. unless absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. This disqualification applies for purposes of succeeding election; o Dismissal or termination for cause as director of any publicly-listed company, public company, registered issuer of securities and holder of a secondary license from the SEC. This disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself of any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination: o If the beneficial equity

		ownership of an Independent Director in the Corporation or its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds two percent (2%) of its subscribed capital stock. The disqualification shall be lifted if the limit is later complied with; o If any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for the permanent disqualification of Directors has not yet become final; and o If any person earlier elected as Independent Director of the Corporation becomes an Officer, employee or consultant of the Corporation.
e. Removal		
(i) Executive Directors	The Corporate Governance Committee by the nature of its function may consider and recommend to the Board the removal of the Executive Director if there is a ground to permanently disqualify the said director.  The Company's Compliance Officer monitors compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Company's CG Manual and determine violations of the same. He may recommend penalty for the said violation, which may include removal, for further review and approval of the Board.	The grounds for the permanent disqualification of Executive Directors should be present.  Violation of the provisions of the CG Manual may also be a ground for removal.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The Corporate Governance Committee by the nature of its function may consider and recommend to the Board the removal of a Non-Executive Director if there is a ground to permanently disqualify the said director.  The Company's Compliance Officer monitors compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Company's CG Manual and determine violations of the same. He may recommend penalty for the said violation, which may include removal, for further review and approval of the Board.	The grounds for the permanent disqualification of Non-Executive Directors should be present.  Violation of the provisions of the CG Manual may also be a ground for removal.

(iii) Independent Directors	The Corporate Governance Committee by the nature of its function may consider and recommend to the Board the removal of an Independent Director if there is a ground to permanently disqualify the said director.  The Company's Compliance Officer monitors compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Company's CG Manual and determine violations of the same. He may recommend penalty for the said violation, which may include removal, for further review and approval of the Board.	The grounds for the permanent disqualification of Independent Directors should be present.  Violation of the provisions of the CG Manual may also be a ground for removal.
f. Re-instatement	T=	
(i) Executive Directors	The procedure for the Selection/Appointment as discussed above is also adopted in case of reinstatement.	The criteria for the Selection/Appointment of Executive Directors as discussed above are the same criteria used for reinstatement.
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	The procedure for the Selection/Appointment as discussed above is also adopted in case of reinstatement.	The criteria for the Selection/Appointment of Non-Executive Directors as discussed above are the same criteria used for reinstatement.
(iii) Independent Directors	The procedure for the selection and election discussed above is also adopted in case of re-instatement.	The criteria for the election of Independent Directors as discussed above are the same criteria used for reinstatement. However, in reappointment, the provision on term limits of directors as provided in SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, series of 2011, is taken into account.
g. Suspension		
(i) Executive Directors	The Corporate Governance Committee by the nature of its function may consider and recommend to the Board the suspension of the Executive Director, if there is a ground to temporarily disqualify the said director.  The Company's Compliance Officer monitors compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Company's CG Manual and determine violations of the same. He may recommend penalty for the said	The grounds for the temporary disqualification of Executive Directors should be present.  Violation of the provisions of the Company's CG Manual may also be a ground for suspension of a director.

	violation, which may include	
	suspension, for further review and	
	approval of the Board.	
	The Corporate Governance Committee	The grounds for the
	by the nature of its function may	temporary disqualification of
	consider and recommend to the Board	Non-Executive Directors
	the suspension of the Non-Executive	should be present.
	Director, if there is a ground to	•
	temporarily disqualify the said director.	Violation of the provisions of
		the Company's CG Manual
(ii) Non-Executive	The Company's Compliance Officer	may also be a ground for
Directors	monitors compliance with the	suspension of a director.
	provisions and requirements of the	
	Company's CG Manual and determine	
	violations of the same. He may	
	recommend penalty for the said	
	violation, which may include	
	suspension, for further review and	
	approval of the Board.	
	The Corporate Governance Committee	The grounds for the
	by the nature of its function may consider and recommend to the Board	temporary disqualification of
	the suspension of an Independent	Independent Directors should be present.
	Director, if there is a ground to	be present.
	temporarily disqualify the said director.	Violation of the provisions of
	temporarny disquanty the said director.	the Company's CG Manual
(iii) Independent	The Company's Compliance Officer	may also be a ground for
Directors	monitors compliance with the	suspension of a director.
	provisions and requirements of the	,
	Company's CG Manual and determine	
	violations of the same. He may	
	recommend penalty for the said	
	violation, which may include	
	suspension, for further review and	
	approval of the Board.	

Voting Result of the last Annual General Meeting<sup>30</sup>

Name of Director		Votes Received	
1.	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	Each director received a vote of about 85.557 %	
2.	Ramon S. Ang		
3.	Leo S. Alvez		
4.	Gabriel S. Claudio		
5.	Bernard D. Marquez <sup>31</sup>		
6.	Francisco S. Alejo III		
7.	Mario K. Surio		
8.	Minita V. Chico-Nazario		
9.	Aurora S. Lagman		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Updated to reflect the results of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on the same date. The percentage is in relation to the total outstanding shares.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

### 6) Orientation and Education Program

(a) Disclose details of the company's orientation program for new directors, if any.

The Company requires that all its new directors must have attended a Corporate Governance Seminar during his/her incumbency. New directors are also encouraged to attend other seminars which may be helpful to them in the performance of their duties and responsibilities as directors of the Company.

(b) State any in-house training and external courses attended by Directors and Senior Management<sup>32</sup> for the past three (3) years:

For the past three (3) years, the Company required its Directors, Officers and Senior Management to attend Corporate Governance Seminars. Each of the Directors, Officers and Senior Management of the Company attended the said seminars.<sup>33</sup>

(c) Continuing education programs for directors: programs and seminars and roundtables attended during the year<sup>34</sup>.

Name of Director/Officer	Date of Training	Program	Name of Training Institution
	September 19, 2014	Corporate Governance Training Seminar	SGV & Co.
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr. <sup>35</sup>	December 4, 2015	Seminar on Corporate Governance	Risks, Opportunities, Assessments and Management (ROAM)
	November 22, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
	July 11-12, 2012	Mandatory Accreditation Programme for Directors of Public Listed Companies	BursatraSdn. Bhd. in KL, Malaysia
Ramon S. Ang <sup>36</sup>	September 11, 2012	Directors Training: Role of Company Director	The Hong Kong Institute of Directors

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Senior Management refers to the CEO and other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company.

Updated to reflect information as of November 13, 2015 per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on even date relative to the attendance by Directors Ang and Alvez in the Seminar on Corporate Governance conducted by Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management (ROAM), Inc. on November 11, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> The attendance of the Directors, Officers and Senior Management of the Company were disclosed in a letter filed with the SEC on October 1, 2015 and SEC Forms 17-C filed with SEC on October 26, November 30 and December 8, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Updated per letter filed with SEC on October 1, 2015 relative to Director Alejo's attendance in the Seminar on Corporate Governance conducted by Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management, Inc. (ROAM) on September 24, 2015.

Further updated per letter filed with SEC on October 26, 2015 relative to the attendance of the Company's Directors and Officers in the Seminar on Corporate Governance conducted by ROAM on October 20, 2015.

Further updated as of November 13, 2015 per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on even date relative to the attendance by Directors Ang and Alvez in the Seminar on Corporate Governance conducted by Risks, Opportunities, Assessment and Management (ROAM), Inc. on November 11, 2015.

Further updated as of December 8, 2015 per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on even date relative to the attendance, among others, by Mr. Cojuangco in the Seminar on Corporate Governance conducted by ROAM on December 4, 2015.

Updated to reflect information relative to the Corporate Governance Seminars attended by the directors in 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup>Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 23, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 9, 2016

	T		<u> </u>
		and Regulatory Framework and Board Practices	
	October 21, 2013	Overview of Risk Management	The Hong Kong Institute of Directors
	November 6, 2014	Conflicts of Interests and Board Evaluation Seminar	Risks, Opportunities, Assessments and Management (ROAM)
	November 11, 2015	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
	November 7, 2016	Seminar of Corporate Governance	ROAM
	November 6, 2014	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
Bernard D. Marquez <sup>37</sup>	October 20, 2015	Corporate Governance Seminar	ROAM
	November 22, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
	October 21, 2013	Conflicts of Interests and Board Evaluation Seminar	The Hong Kong Institute of Directors
Ferdinand K. Constantino <sup>38</sup>	September 19, 2014	Corporate Governance Training Seminar	SGV & Co.
	November 6, 2014	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
Leo S. Alvez <sup>39</sup>	September 19, 2014 November 11, 2015	Corporate Governance Training Seminar Seminar on Corporate Governance	SGV & Co. ROAM
Eco 3. Alvez	November 11, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
Joseph N. Dinada <sup>40</sup>	December 9, 2010	Corporate Governance Seminar	UP-IJA
Joseph N. Pineda⁴ <sup>0</sup>	September 19, 2014	Corporate Governance Training Seminar	SGV & Co.
-	November 6, 2014	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 37}$  Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 23, 2016.

Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Mr. Constantino ceased to be a director of the Company effective May 28, 2015. He remains to be a member of various board committees of the Company, as a non-director member.

Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 9, 2016.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 39}$  Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 14, 2016.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 40}$  Mr. Pineda ceased to be director of the Company effective May 28, 2015.

Gabriel S. Claudio <sup>41</sup>			
	October 20, 2015	Corporate Governance Seminar	ROAM
	November 12, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
	December 7, 2012	Corporate Governance Seminar	UP-IJA
A4: : 1	November 6, 2014	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
Minita V. Chico-Nazario <sup>42</sup>	October 20, 2015	Corporate Governance Seminar	ROAM
	September 9, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	SGV & Co.
Franciso H. Villaruz, Jr <sup>43</sup> .	November 6, 2014	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
	October 20, 2015	Corporate Governance Seminar	ROAM
Francisco S. Alejo III <sup>44</sup>	September 24, 2015	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
	September 9, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	SGV & Co.
Mario K. Surio <sup>45</sup>	October 20, 2015	Corporate Governance Seminar	ROAM
	November 22, 2016	Seminar on Corporate Governance	ROAM
Aurora T. Calderon <sup>46</sup>	August 9, 2017	Seminar on Corporate Governance	SGV & Co.

## **B.** CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS

1) Discuss briefly the company's policies on the following business conduct or ethics affecting directors, senior management and employees:

The Company is part of the business conglomerate of San Miguel Corporation ("SMC") and as such, except for those

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 23, 2016.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 42}$  Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on September 14, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Passed away on October 30, 2016 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on November 2, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Updated per letter filed with SEC on October 1, 2015 relative to Director Alejo's attendance in the Seminar on Corporate Governance conducted by ROAM on September 24, 2015.

Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on September 14, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 23, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Updated to reflect information disclosed in Sec Form 17-C filed with the SEC on November 9, 2017.

peculiar to the Company, the various policies of SMC cover/apply to all the companies belonging to the said conglomerate (the "San Miguel Group") including the Company. The policies, unless otherwise provided, apply to directors, senior management and employees.

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
(a) Conflict of Interest	The Company's By-laws prohibits the nomination and election of a director who is engaged in any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Company.  Moreover, one of the corporate values of the Company is "Integrity". The Board is dedicated to high ethical and moral standards. Uncompromising honesty, fairness, and professionalism are exercised in the Company's dealings with its employees, customers, business partners, the public and other stakeholders.  The Company's CG Manual mandates that a director to conduct fair business transactions with the Company and ensure that personal interest does not conflict with the interests of the Company.	The Company's policy on Conflict of Interest embodies the principle that officers and employees have a duty to act in the best interest of the Company. As such, in the event that any personal interest of an officer or employee may conflict with the interest of the Company, proper disclosure through the accomplishment of the Full Business Interest Disclosure Form should be made and a review by higher Management shall resolve the conflict.  Moreover, one of the corporate values of the Company is "Integrity". Management is dedicated to high ethical and moral standards.  Uncompromising honesty, fairness, and professionalism are exercised in the Company's dealings with its employees, customers, business partners, the public and other stakeholders.	The Company's policy on Conflict of Interest embodies the principle that officers and employees have a duty to act in the best interest of the Company. As such, in the event that any personal interest of an officer or employee may conflict with the interest of the Company, proper disclosure through the accomplishment of the Full Business Interest Disclosure Form should be made and a review by higher Management shall resolve the conflict.  Moreover, one of the corporate values of the Company is "Integrity". Employees are dedicated to high ethical and moral standards.  Uncompromising honesty, fairness, and professionalism is exercised in the performance of their duties and responsibilities as well as in their dealings with the Company, co-employees, customers, business partners, the public and other stakeholders.
(b) Conduct of Business and Fair Dealings	Among others, the Company has a Policy on Securities Dealing. This policy mandates that the directors, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries ("GSMI Group")	Among others, the Company has a Policy on Securities Dealing. This policy mandates that the directors, officers and employees of the	Among others, the Company has a Policy on Securities Dealing. This policy mandates that the directors, officers and employees of the

to exercise extreme caution when dealing in the Company's securities and ensure that such dealings comply with this policy and the requirements under the Securities Regulation Code ("SRC"). It sets out the conditions and rules under which the directors, officers and employees of the GSMI Group ("Relevant Persons") shall deal in securities of the Company.

The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".

The Company's CG Manual also mandates the Board to conduct itself with utmost honesty and integrity in the discharge of its duties. functions and responsibilities. The said manual also emphasizes that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall act in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness and in the best interest of the Company. He should exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress.

Company and its subsidiaries ("GSMI Group") exercise to extreme caution when dealing in the Company's securities and ensure that such dealings comply with this policy and the requirements under the Securities Regulation Code ("SRC"). It sets out the conditions and rules under which the directors, officers and employees of the **GSMI** Group ("Relevant Persons") shall deal in securities of the Company.

The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity". Company and its subsidiaries ("GSMI Group") to exercise extreme caution when dealing in the Company's securities and ensure that such dealings comply with this policy and requirements under the Securities Regulation Code ("SRC"). It sets out the conditions and rules under which the directors, officers and employees of the **GSMI** Group ("Relevant Persons") shall deal in securities of the Company.

The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".

(c) Receipt of gifts from

third parties

The Company's policy on this matter is reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".

The Company's CG Manual also mandates the Board to conduct itself with utmost honesty and integrity in the discharge of its duties. functions and responsibilities. The said manual also emphasizes that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall act in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness and in the best interest of the Company. He should exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained

The Company has a Policy Solicitation and Acceptance of Gifts. The Company is committed to succeed in a manner that upholds the highest standards of honesty, integrity and fairness. Consistent with this commitment, the Company expects each employee to observe reasonable standards of conducts. It requires employees to conduct business affairs with fairness, avoid granting undue personal favors, exercise discretion accepting favors or gifts

The Company has a Policy Solicitation Acceptance of Gifts. The Company is committed to succeed in a manner that upholds the highest standards honesty, of integrity and fairness. Consistent with this commitment, the Company expects each employee to observe reasonable standards of conducts. It requires employees to conduct business affairs with fairness, avoid granting undue personal favors, exercise discretion accepting favors or gifts

	nrogress	from persons seeking or	from persons seeking or
	progress.	doing business within the Company and refuse gifts that might connote bribery in any way.	doing business within the Company and refuse gifts that might connote bribery in any way.
		The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".	The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".
(d) Compliance with Laws & Regulations	The Company has always espoused compliance with prevailing laws and regulations. This is manifested not only in the adoption and implementation of numerous policies all intended to ensure compliance with laws and regulations. One such policy is the Securities Dealing Policy adopted to make sure that the Relevant Persons exercise extreme caution when dealing in the Company's securities and ensure that such dealings comply with this policy and the requirements under the SRC.  Moreover, the Company's CG Manual specifies that it shall be the duty of the Board to ensure that the Corporation complies with all relevant laws,	The Company has always espoused compliance with prevailing laws and regulations. This is manifested not only in the adoption and implementation of numerous policies all intended to ensure compliance with laws and regulations. One such policy is the Securities Dealing Policy adopted to make sure that the Relevant Persons exercise extreme caution when dealing in the Company's securities and ensure that such dealings comply with this policy and the requirements under the SRC.	The Company has always espoused compliance with prevailing laws and regulations. This is manifested not only in the adoption and implementation of numerous policies all intended to ensure compliance with laws and regulations. One such policy is the Securities Dealing Policy adopted to make sure that the Relevant Persons exercise extreme caution when dealing in the Company's securities and ensure that such dealings comply with this policy and the requirements under the SRC.
	regulations and best business practice.	The Company has among	The Company has among
(e) Respect for Trade Secrets/Use of Non- public Information	The Company's CG Manual also requires the directors to observe confidentiality of all non-public information which they may acquire or learn by reason of position as directors.  The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".	The Company has among others, Intellectual Property Procedure and Guidelines (with the objective of developing, managing, maintaining and protecting its Intellectual Property to maximize value and drive growth, innovation and cooperative relationships with other companies, consistent with its tradition of quality and integrity) as well as Information Security Policies and Guidelines (such as Electronic Communications Security	others, Intellectual Property Procedure and Guidelines (with the objective of developing, managing, maintaining and protecting its Intellectual Property to maximize value and drive growth, innovation and cooperative relationships with other companies, consistent with its tradition of quality and integrity) as well as Information Security Policies and Guidelines (such as Electronic

		Policy & Guidelines) all intended to ensure respect for Trade Secrets and protection of non-public information. The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".	Policy & Guidelines) all intended to ensure respect for Trade Secrets and protection of non-public information.  The Company's policy on this matter is also reflected in its corporate value of "Integrity".
(f) Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information	The Company's CG Manual mandates the Board to conduct itself with utmost honesty and integrity in the discharge of its duties, functions and responsibilities. The said Manual also emphasizes that a director's office is one of trust and confidence. A director shall act in a manner characterized by transparency, accountability and fairness and in the best interest of the Company. He should exercise leadership, prudence and integrity in directing the Company towards sustained progress.	The Company has various policies reflective of its corporate principles relative to the proper use of Company funds, assets and information. Among others, it has a policy on Cash Management, Cash Disbursements and Trade Management.  The Company Rules and Regulations for employees also sanction the improper, irregular or unlawful use of Company funds, assets and	The Company has various policies reflective of its corporate principles relative to the proper use of Company funds, assets and information. Among others, it has a policy on Cash Management, Cash Disbursements and Trade Management.  The Company Rules and Regulations for employees also sanction the improper, irregular or unlawful use of Company funds, assets and
(g) Employment & Labor Laws & Policies	One of the duties and responsibilities of the Board is to ensure that the Company complies with all relevant laws, regulations and best business practices. Thus, directors are also expected to comply with all relevant laws and regulations.	information.  The Company recognizes the importance of its people as shown in its corporate value of "Respect for our People". This value is summed up in the statement below:  "We are committed to maintain a work environment that encourages trust, openness and mutual respect, regardless of rank or title. We promote a healthy work and life balance and provide opportunities for professional and personal growth. Our people are our strength."	information.  The Company recognizes the importance of its people as shown in its corporate value of "Respect for our People". This value is summed up in the statement below:  "We are committed to maintain a work environment that encourages trust, openness and mutual respect, regardless of rank or title. We promote a healthy work and life balance and provide opportunities for professional and personal growth. Our people are our strength."
(h) Disciplinary action	The Company's Compliance Officer monitors compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Company's CG Manual and determine violations of the same. He may	The Company espouses the principle of progressive discipline in its Company Rules and Regulations on employee discipline and believes	The Company espouses the principle of progressive discipline in its Company Rules and Regulations on employee discipline and believes

	recommend penalty for the said violation for further review and approval of the Board.	that the purpose of disciplinary action is to correct rather than to punish the individual. Should an employee violate policies, rules and regulations of the Company, disciplinary actions are imposed as much as possible, in progressive increasing weight after he has been given the right to be heard. Depending on the history, circumstances and gravity of the situation, superiors take corrective action in the form of verbal discussion, written warning, suspension and dismissal. Only in extraordinary cases does the Company impose demotion, as this is counterproductive. Likewise, it does not regard the restitution of	that the purpose of disciplinary action is to correct rather than to punish the individual. Should an employee violate policies, rules and regulations of the Company, disciplinary actions are imposed as much as possible, in progressive increasing weight after he has been given the right to be heard. Depending on the history, circumstances and gravity of the situation, superiors take corrective action in the form of verbal discussion, written warning, suspension and dismissal. Only in extraordinary cases does the Company impose demotion, as this is counterproductive. Likewise, it does not regard the restitution of
(i) Whistle Blower	The Company adopts the SMC Group-wide Whistleblowing Policy (the "Policy"). It provides that all complaints on accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing or financial reporting matters may be communicated to the General Counsel and Compliance Officer (the "Compliance Officer"), if such concerns involves the Compliance Officer, then the same may be communicated to	damages to or loss of Company property as a disciplinary action.  Progressive disciplinary action, however, does not apply to grave offenses for which the employee may be dismissed immediately. As further action, the Company may institute the necessary civil and /or criminal case against the employee.  The Company adopts the SMC Group-wide Whistleblowing Policy (the "Policy"). It provides that all complaints on accounting, internal accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing or financial reporting matters may be communicated to the General Counsel and Compliance Officer (the "Compliance Officer"), if	damages to or loss of Company property as a disciplinary action.  Progressive disciplinary action, however, does not apply to grave offenses for which the employee may be dismissed immediately. As further action, the Company may institute the necessary civil and /or criminal case against the employee.  The Company adopts the SMC Group-wide Whistleblowing Policy (the "Policy"). It provides that all complaints on accounting, internal accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing or financial reporting matters may be communicated to the General Counsel and Compliance Officer (the

the President. The said complaints are ultimately referred to the Audit Committee, which complaints may be on anonymous basis and which shall be placed in confidential files and will be retained for seven (7) years or for such longer time as the Audit Committee deem may If it is unclear necessary. whether communication involves accounting, auditing, internal accounting controls or financial reporting matters, the Compliance Officer shall likewise direct such communication to the Audit Committee, with a note to that effect.

All communications received through the established channels will be kept confidential. The original copies or records of all communications will be available to any Audit Committee member upon request.

The Audit Committee determine whether any action or response is necessary appropriate in respect of a communication, and it will take or direct such action as it deems appropriate. Such action may include engaging external advisers, for which funding will available. The determinations made by the Audit Committee in respect of each communication and any further action taken will be recorded in the log maintained for such purpose by the Compliance Officer or a person designated by the if the Compliance Committee Officer is the subject of communication. These determinations may be recorded based on the standard categories established by the Audit Committee, which may

such concerns involves the Compliance Officer, then the same may be communicated to the President. The said complaints are ultimately referred to the Audit Committee, which complaints may be on anonymous basis and which shall be placed in confidential files and will be retained for seven (7) years or for such longer as the time Audit Committee may deem necessary. If it is unclear whether communication involves accounting, auditing, internal accounting controls or financial reporting matters, the Compliance Officer shall likewise direct such communication to the Audit Committee, with a note to that effect.

All communications received through the established channels will be kept confidential. The original copies or records of all communications will be available to any Audit Committee member upon request.

The Audit Committee will determine whether any action or response is necessary or appropriate respect of communication, and it will take or direct such action as it deems appropriate. Such action may include engaging external advisers, for which funding will be available. The determinations made by the Audit Committee in such concerns involves the Compliance Officer, then the same mav be communicated to the The President. said complaints are ultimately referred to the Audit which Committee, complaints may be on anonymous basis and which shall be placed in confidential files and will be retained for seven (7) years or for such longer the **Audit** time as Committee may deem necessary. If it is unclear whether a communication involves accounting, auditing, internal accounting controls or financial reporting matters, the Compliance Officer shall likewise direct such communication to the Audit Committee, with a note to that effect.

All communications received through the established channels will be kept confidential. The original copies or records of all communications will be available to any Audit Committee member upon request.

The Audit Committee will determine whether any action or response is necessary or appropriate respect of communication, and it will take or direct such action as it deems appropriate. Such action may include engaging external advisers, for which funding will be available. The determinations made by the Audit Committee in respect of each communication and any

include: the communication is not a "complaint" or "concern", contemplated by applicable requirements; communication is misdirected (such as a communication involvina an employment dispute); no further action shall required because communication can be analyzed on its face; and further action required (with a record of the action taken and its outcome). The Compliance Officer or any other person designated by the Audit Committee will report on the status of any further action directed by the Audit Committee on a monthly basis or at such frequency as the Audit Committee may otherwise require.

Misdirected communications as determined by the Audit Committee or concerns not relating to accounting, internal accounting control, auditing or financial reporting matters shall be addressed to and be acted upon by the appropriate responsible supervisor or officer of the business units affected in accordance with the SMC Group's conventional reporting channels. In this connection, employees with such concerns should raise them with their respective supervisors and the supervisors have the responsibility to ensure that such concerns are properly acted upon.

Employees are protected from retaliation as it is categorically provided in the Policy that the SMC Group, which includes herein Company shall not tolerate retaliation in any form against a director, officer, employee or other interested party who, in good faith, raises a concern or reports a possible

of each respect communication and any further action taken will be recorded in the log maintained for such purpose by the Compliance Officer or a person designated by the Audit Committee if the Compliance Officer is the subject of communication. These determinations may be recorded based on the standard categories established by the Audit Committee, which may include: the communication is not a "complaint" or "concern", as contemplated by the applicable requirements; the communication is misdirected (such as a communication involving an employment dispute); no further action shall be required because communication can be analyzed on its face; and further action required (with a record of the action taken and its The outcome). Compliance Officer or any other person designated by the Audit Committee will report on the status of any further action directed by the Audit Committee on a monthly basis or at such frequency as the Audit Committee may otherwise require.

Misdirected communications as determined by the Audit Committee or concerns not relating to accounting, internal accounting control, auditing or financial reporting matters shall

further action taken will be recorded in the log maintained for such purpose by the Compliance Officer or a person designated by the Audit Committee if the Compliance Officer is the subject of communication. These determinations may be recorded based on the categories standard established by the Audit Committee, which may include: communication is not a "complaint" or "concern", as contemplated by the applicable requirements; the communication is misdirected (such as a communication involving an employment dispute); no further action shall be required because communication can be analyzed on its face; and further action required (with a record of the action taken and its The outcome). Compliance Officer or any other person designated by the Audit Committee will report on the status of any further action directed by the Audit Committee on a monthly basis or at such frequency as the Audit Committee may otherwise require.

Misdirected communications as determined by the Audit Committee or concerns not relating to accounting, internal accounting control, auditing financial reporting matters shall be addressed to and be acted upon by the

	violation under the policy.	be addressed to and be	appropriate responsible
	violation ander the policy.	acted upon by the	supervisor or officer of the
		appropriate responsible	business units affected in
		supervisor or officer of	accordance with the SMC
		the business units	Group's conventional
		affected in accordance	reporting channels. In
		with the SMC Group's	this connection,
		•	,
		conventional reporting channels. In this	employees with such concerns should raise
		connection, employees	them with their respective
		with such concerns should	supervisors and the
		raise them with their	supervisors have the
		respective supervisors	responsibility to ensure
		and the supervisors have	that such concerns are
		the responsibility to	properly acted upon.
		ensure that such concerns	Franksis and seed of
		are properly acted upon.	Employees are protected
			from retaliation as it is
		Employees are protected	categorically provided in
		from retaliation as it is	the Policy that the SMC
		categorically provided in	Group, which includes
		the Policy that the SMC	herein Company shall not
		Group, which includes	tolerate retaliation in
		herein Company shall not	any form against a
		tolerate retaliation in	director, officer, employee
		any form against a	or other interested party
		director, officer,	who, in good faith, raises
		employee or other	a concern or reports a
		interested party who, in	possible violation under
		good faith, raises a	the policy.
		concern or reports a	
		possible violation under	
		the policy.	
	The Company encourages the	The Company encourages	The Company encourages
	use of alternative modes of	the use of alternative	the use of alternative
	dispute resolution that can	modes of dispute	modes of dispute
	amicably settle conflicts or	resolution that can	resolution that can
(j) Conflict	differences between the	amicably settle conflicts	amicably settle conflicts or
Resolution	Company and its shareholders or	or differences between	differences between the
	third parties, including	the Company and its	Company and its
	regulatory agencies.	shareholders or third	shareholders or third
		parties, including	parties, including
		regulatory agencies.	regulatory agencies.
		, , ,	. , ,

2) Has the code of ethics or conduct been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees?

Yes.

3) Discuss how the company implements and monitors compliance with the code of ethics or conduct.

The Company's adherence to its Code of Ethics or Conduct can be seen in the various policies it has adopted and implemented. The relevant policy may provide the manner of monitoring compliance therewith, as well as the penalty for violation therefor.

With respect to the employee's code of conduct, all employees are provided with a copy of the Company Rules and Regulations (the "Rules") which lay down the acts constituting an offense and for which appropriate disciplinary action should be meted out. The purpose of this disciplinary action is to correct rather than to punish the individual. Should an employee violate policies, rules and regulations of the company, disciplinary actions are imposed, as much as possible in progressively increasing weight, after the employee is given opportunity to be heard. Depending on the history, circumstances and gravity of the situation, superiors can take corrective action in the form of verbal discussion, written warning, suspension and dismissal. Only in extraordinary cases does the Company impose demotion. As to restitution of damages to or loss of company property, the same is not regarded as a disciplinary action. The Rules also provide that violation of Company policies, rules and regulations not otherwise covered therein will be subject to disciplinary action dependent on the gravity or consequence of such violation. The Rules are likewise cascaded to employees by the Human Resources Office as part of the Orientation Program for new employees.

On compliance with the CG Manual, which is to ensure adherence to corporate governance principles and best practices, the Board of Directors has appointed a Compliance Officer who is responsible for monitoring compliance with the provisions and requirements of the said manual and other relevant rules and regulations.

#### 4) Related Party Transactions

### (a) Policies and Procedures

Describe the company's policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification, monitoring and recording of related party transactions between and among the company and its parent, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, substantial stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents and of interlocking director relationships of members of the Board.

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures
(1) Parent Company	To ensure the integrity and transparency of related party transactions between the Company and its parent company, such transactions are made in the ordinary course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(2) Joint Ventures	To ensure the integrity and transparency of related party transactions between the Company and its joint ventures, such transactions are made in the ordinary course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(3) Subsidiaries	To ensure the integrity and transparency of related party transactions between and among the Company and its subsidiaries, such transactions are made in the ordinary

	T
	course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(4) Entities Under Common Control	To ensure the integrity and transparency of related party transactions between and among the Company and entities under common control with it, such transactions are made in the ordinary course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(5) Substantial Stockholders	The Company has no substantial stockholders other than its parent company, SMC. At any rate, all related party transactions of the Company are made in the ordinary course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(6) Officers including spouse/children/siblings/parents	All related party transactions are made in the ordinary course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(7) Directors including spouse/children/siblings/parents	All related party transactions are made in the ordinary course of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.
(8) Interlocking director relationship	All related party transactions are made in the ordinary course

of Board of Directors	of business, on an arms-length basis and at market rates. An assessment is undertaken at each fiscal year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. Moreover, consistent with the CG Manual that all material information, i.e., anything that could potentially affect share price, shall be publicly disclosed, related party transactions are fully disclosed in the
	Company's notes to its audited consolidated financial statements.

## (b) Conflict of Interest

## (i) Directors/Officers and 5% or more Shareholders

Identify any actual or probable conflict of interest to which directors/officers/5% or more shareholders may be involved.

	Details of Conflict of Interest (Actual or Probable)
Name of Director/s	
Name of Officer/s	NONE
Name of Significant Shareholders	

### (ii) Mechanism

*Describe* the mechanism laid down to detect, determine and resolve any possible conflict of interest between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers and significant shareholders.

	Directors/Officers/Significant Shareholders
	The Company's By-laws prohibits the nomination and election of a director who is engaged in any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Company.
Company	Directors are mandated to fully disclose the extent of their business interest or comply with disclosure requirements as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.
	Officers are required to accomplish Full Business Interest Disclosure Form.
	The Company's By-laws prohibits the nomination and election of a director who is engaged in any business which competes with or is antagonistic to that of the Company.
Group	Directors are mandated to fully disclose the extent of their business interest or comply with disclosure requirements as required under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations.
	Officers are required to accomplish Full Business Interest Disclosure Form.

- 5) Family, Commercial and Contractual Relations
  - (a) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a family, <sup>47</sup> commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more), to the extent that they are known to the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description of the Relationship
NONE		

(b) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more) and the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
San Miguel Corporation	Licensor-Licensee	The Company has a Trademark Licensing Agreement with its parent company relative to the marks used in some of the Company's products.

(c) Indicate any shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the company:

Name of Shareholders	% of Capital Stock affected (Parties)	Brief Description of the Transaction
	NONE	

#### 6) Alternative Dispute Resolution

Describe the alternative dispute resolution system adopted by the company for the last three (3) years in amicably settling conflicts or differences between the corporation and its stockholders, and the corporation and third parties, including regulatory authorities.

	Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Corporation & Stockholders	The Company has always encouraged the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution that can amicably settle conflicts or differences. Thus, in such a situation best efforts were exerted to settle the conflicts or differences in a peaceful manner through open
	communication/discussion, without
	resorting to court action or similar action
Corporation & Third Parties	The Company has always encouraged the use of alternative modes of dispute

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Family relationship up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

	resolution that can amicably settle conflicts or differences. Thus, it actively participates in the mandatory conciliation and mediation proceedings prescribed by judicial, quasi-judicial and administrative bodies.
	With respect to disputes involving Management and the Company's employees who are covered by Collective Bargaining Agreements, the said agreement provides for a "Grievance Machinery". Likewise, it is provided therein that "the parties agree on the principle that all disputes between Labor and Management may be settled through friendly negotiations. The same Agreement provides for Arbitration to the effect that if the Grievance Machinery fails, the dispute may be settled by a voluntary arbitrator mutually chosen by the parties.
Corporation & Regulatory Authorities	The Company has always encouraged the use of alternative modes of dispute resolution that can amicably settle conflicts or differences. Thus, the Company accordingly and promptly responds to the communications, request for clarification, comments, requirements of regulatory authorities and ultimately comply with the decision or instruction of the regulatory agency in the absence of a clear conflict with existing laws.

### C. BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

1) Are Board of Directors' meetings scheduled before or at the beginning of the year?

They are scheduled at the beginning of the year.

2) Attendance of Directors<sup>48</sup>

Board Name Date of Election Date of Election Control of Meetings the year (2016) No. of Meetings Attended %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on January 4, 2017 relative to the attendance of Directors in the 5 board meetings held in 2016. The said meetings were held on March 16, May 11, May 26, August 9 and November 9. The 2016 directors of the Company are Messrs. Cojuangco, Jr., Ang, Marquez, Alvez, Claudio, Alejo III, Surio and Villaruz, Jr., and Ms. Chico-Nazario.

Chairman	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	October 21, 1988	5	5	100
Member	Ramon S. Ang	April 4, 2000	5	5	100
Member	Bernard D. Marquez <sup>49</sup>	May 12, 2011	5	5	100
Member	Leo S. Alvez	April 24, 2012	5	5	100
Member	Gabriel S. Claudio	November 11, 2010	5	5	100
Member	Francisco S. Alejo III	May 28, 2015	5	5	100
Member	Mario K. Surio	May 28, 2015	5	5	100
Independent	Minita V. Chico-Nazario	March 9, 2012	5	4	80
Independent	Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. <sup>50</sup>	November 6, 2014	5	4	100
Member	Ferdinand K. Constantino <sup>51</sup>	May 10, 2012	2	2	100
Member	Joseph N. Pineda <sup>52</sup>	May 9, 2013	2	2	100

3) Do non-executive directors have a separate meeting during the year without the presence of any executive? If yes, how many times?

None.

4) Is the minimum quorum requirement for Board decisions set at two-thirds of board members? Please explain.

No. The Company complies with Section 8 of its Amended By-Laws which requires that a majority of the number of directors as fixed in the Articles of Incorporation (which is 9 directors) shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of corporate business, and every decision of at least a majority of directors present at a meeting of which there is a quorum shall be valid as a corporate act, except for the election of officers which shall require the vote of a majority of all the members of the board.

### 5) Access to Information

(a) How many days in advance are board papers<sup>53</sup> for board of directors' meetings provided to the board?

The CG Manual requires Management to provide the Board with complete, adequate and timely information about the matters to be taken during their meeting.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Director Villaruz, Jr. replaced Justice Angelina S. Gutierrez (ret.) who resigned effective October 8, 2014 was formerly a member of the Audit Committee. She attended all Audit Committee meetings during her term. Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on January 6, 2015.

Director Villaruz passed away on October 30, 2016 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on November 2, 2016. He attended all meetings (both Board and Committee meetings of which he is a member) during his term.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Mr. Constantino ceased to be a director on May 28, 2015.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 52}$  Mr. Pineda ceased to be a director on May 28, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Board papers consist of complete and adequate information about the matters to be taken in the board meeting. Information includes the background or explanation on matters brought before the Board, disclosures, budgets, forecasts and internal financial documents.

(b) Do board members have independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary?

Yes. As mandated in the CG Manual the members of the Board shall be given independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary.

(c) State the policy of the role of the company secretary. Does such role include assisting the Chairman in preparing the board agenda, facilitating training of directors, keeping directors updated regarding any relevant statutory and regulatory changes, etc.?

The Company's By-laws and CG Manual provide for the role of the Company Secretary and enumerates the powers, duties and responsibilities of the Company Secretary. The Company By-Laws provides, among others that the Corporate Secretary shall maintain and be the custodian of the corporate books and records. He shall also be the recorder of the formal actions and transactions of the Company. The CG Manual provides among others that the Corporate Secretary coordinate with the Chairman in preparing the agenda of the meeting. It is also his responsibility to ensure that the Board has the necessary information to enable it to arrive at intelligent decisions on matters requiring approval and in making business judgments in good faith, which necessarily includes updating the Board on relevant laws.

(d) Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices? Please explain should the answer be in the negative.

Yes.

#### (e) Committee Procedures

Disclose whether there is a procedure that Directors can avail of to enable them to get information necessary to be able to prepare in advance for the meetings of different committees:

Yes	٧	No	

Committee	Details of the procedures		
Executive	Section 2.2.1.8. of the Company's CG Manual requires Management to provide the Board with complete, adequate and timely information about the matters to be taken during their meetings.		
	Upon reasonable request, the directors, individually or as a group, may seek independent professional advice in the discharge of their duties at the expense of the Company, which expense must be reasonable.		
	The members of the Board shall be given independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary.		
Audit <sup>54</sup>	Section 2.2.1.8. of the Company's CG Manual requires Management to provide the Board with complete, adequate and timely information about the matters to be taken during their meetings.		
	Upon reasonable request, the directors, individually or as a group, may seek independent professional advice in the		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> This has been renamed as Audit and Risk Oversight Committee, The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

	discharge of their duties at the expense of the Company, which expense must be reasonable.  The members of the Board shall be given independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary.  The Audit Committee Charter also provides that a notice of each meeting confirming the date, time, venue, and agenda shall be
	given to each member of the Committee at least two (2) working days prior to the date of the meeting. The notice will include the agenda to be discussed during the meeting. Notices, minutes, agenda and supporting papers will be made available to any Director upon request to the Corporate Secretary.
Nomination <sup>55</sup>	Section 2.2.1.8. of the Company's CG Manual requires Management to provide the Board with complete, adequate and timely information about the matters to be taken during their meetings.
	Upon reasonable request, the directors, individually or as a group, may seek independent professional advice in the discharge of their duties at the expense of the Company, which expense must be reasonable.
	The members of the Board shall be given independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary.
Remuneration <sup>56</sup>	Section 2.2.1.8. of the Company's CG Manual requires Management to provide the Board with complete, adequate and timely information about the matters to be taken during their meetings.
	Upon reasonable request, the directors, individually or as a group, may seek independent professional advice in the discharge of their duties at the expense of the Company, which expense must be reasonable.
	The members of the Board shall be given independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary.
Others (specify)	None

## 6.) External Advice

Indicate whether or not a procedure exists whereby directors can receive external advice and, if so, provide details:

Procedures	Details
------------	---------

<sup>55</sup> The functions of the Nomination and Hearing Committee has been subsumed by the Corporate Governance Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> This refers to the Executive Compensation Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

As provided in the CG Manual, upon reasonable request, the directors individually or as a group, may seek independent professional advice in the discharge of their duties at the expense of the Company, which expense must be reasonable.

## 7.) Change/s in existing policies

Indicate, if applicable, any change/s introduced by the Board of Directors (during its most recent term) on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the company and the reason/s for the change:

Existing Policies	Changes	Reason
Manual on Corporate Governance	The Board amended the provisions affecting the duties of the Compliance Officer, Corporate Secretary and Directors, as well as the requirement relating to directors' attendance in Board meetings. The Board also further amended the CG Manual to incorporate the revisions made by the SEC to the Revised Code of Corporate Governance embodied in SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, Series of 2014.	To align the provisions of the CG Manual with the SEC Memorandum Circulars Nos. 5 and 20, Series of 2013, and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 1, Series of 2014, and SEC Memorandum Circular No. 9, Series of 2014.
	Recently, on May 25, 2017, the Board again amended the CG Manual to consider the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19, Series of 2016.	To consider the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, in compliance with SEC Memorandum Circular No. 19, Series of 2016.

### D. REMUNERATION MATTERS<sup>57</sup>

## 1) Remuneration Process

Disclose the process used for determining the remuneration of the President<sup>58</sup> and the four (4) most highly compensated management officers:

Process	PRESIDENT	Top 4 Highest Paid Management Officers	
(1) Fixed remuneration	Based on salary review and	Based on salary review and	
(2) Variable remuneration	market competitiveness policy market competitiveness policy and as guided by the Executive and as guided by the Execu		
(3) Per diem allowance	Compensation Committee	Compensation Committee	
(4) Bonus	Based on the Company's performance, salary review and market competitiveness policy and as guided by the Executive Compensation Committee	Based on the Company's performance, salary review and market competitiveness policy and as guided by the Executive Compensation Committee	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Update for the year ended December 31, 2016.

<sup>58</sup> This was changed from "CEO" to "President". The CEO of the Company is Mr. Cojuangco. He does not receive compensation from the Company other than the per diem for attendance in Board meetings.

(5) Stock Options and	Based on	the	Company's	Based	on	the	Company's
other financial	performance	and	as may be	perform	nance	and	as may be
instruments	warranted by	circui	mstances.	warran	ted by	circur	nstances.
(6) Others (specify)							

### 2) Remuneration Policy and Structure for Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Disclose the company's policy on remuneration and the structure of its compensation package. Explain how the compensation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is calculated.

	Remuneration Policy	Structure of Compensation Packages	How Compensation is Calculated	
Executive Directors		ive a per diem of Ter attendance in Board and		
Non-Executive Directors	Director, is based on and as guided by t	ackage of the President, we salary review and market conhe Executive Compensation, the President receives a perfee Meetings.	mpetitiveness policy Committee. In his	

Do stockholders have the opportunity to approve the decision on total remuneration (fees, allowances, benefits-in-kind and other emoluments) of board of directors? Provide details for the last three (3) years.

Remuneration Scheme	Date of Stockholders' Approval	
Per Diem	There has been no change in the last three years which would require stockholders' approval.	

#### 3) Aggregate Remuneration

Complete the following table on the aggregate remuneration accrued during the most recent year.

Directors only receive a per diem of Ten Thousand Pesos (Php10,000.00) per attendance in Board and Board Committee meetings.

Remuneration Item	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
(a) Fixed Remuneration	None	None	None
(b) Variable Remuneration	None	None	None
(c) Per diem Allowance	Php100,000.00	Php410,000.00	Php160,000.00
(d) Bonuses	None	None	None
(e) Stock Options and/or other financial instruments	None	None	None

(f) Others (Specify)	None	None	None
Total	Php100,000.00	Php410,000.00	Php160,000.00

	Other Benefits	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Director (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
1)	Advances	The President of the	NONE	NONE
2)	Credit granted	Company receives remuneration as		
3)	Pension Plan/s Contributions	employee of the Company.		
(d)		As an executive director,		
(e)	Life Insurance Premium	he receives a per diem per		
(f)	Hospitalization Plan	attendance in Board		
(g)	Car Plan	and Committee meetings just like		
(h)	Others (Specify)	the other directors.		
	Total		NOT APPLICABLE	

### 4) Stock Rights, Options and Warrants

#### (a) Board of Directors

Complete the following table, on the members of the company's Board of Directors who own or are entitled to stock rights, options or warrants over the company's shares:

Only members of the Board who are employees of the Company are entitled to participate in the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), wherein qualified employees may acquire a minimum of 500 shares to a maximum of 15,000 shares per offering.

The subscription price of the shares under the ESPP which is equal to the weighted average market closing prices of the last quarter immediately preceding the application/subscription period, less a discount of fifteen percent (15%), shall be paid without interest through salary deduction over a period of five (5) years from Exercise Date. "Exercise Date" is the last working day of the month during which the notice addressed to the ESPP Committee from an employee of his decision to subscribe to shares under the ESPP is received by the Committee.

The shares covered by the ESPP are no longer available for subscription as the offering period provided under the ESPP expired on January 21, 2013. Of the 2015 members of the Board, only Mr. Bernard D. Marquez is an employee of the Company.

Director's Name	ESPP SHARES	Total % from Capital Stock
Bernard D. Marquez <sup>59</sup>	30,000	0.00%

## (b) Amendments of Incentive Programs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

Indicate any amendments and discontinuation of any incentive programs introduced, including the criteria used in the creation of the program. Disclose whether these are subject to approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Stockholders' Approval
	NONE	

# 5) Remuneration of Management<sup>60</sup>

Identify the five (5) members of management who are <u>not</u> at the same time executive directors and indicate the total remuneration received during the financial year:

Name of Officer/Position	Total Remuneration
Chief Finance Officer	
Marketing Manager	
Business Procurement Manager	Php45,005,790.68
Manufacturing Operations Manager	
National Sales Manager	

#### E. BOARD COMMITTEES<sup>61</sup>

### 1) Number of Members, Functions and Responsibilities

Provide details on the number of members of each committee, its functions, key responsibilities and the power/authority delegated to it by the Board:

	No. of Members						
Committee	Executive Director (ED)	Non- executive Director (NED)	Independent Director (ID)	Committee Charter	Functions	Key Responsibilities	Power
Executive	1	3	0	No Charter	Exercise all the powers of the Board in the management of the business and affairs of the Company when the Board is not in session.	Responsible for the management of the business and affairs of the Company between sessions of the Board of Directors.	To act, by a majority vote of all its members, on such specific matters within the competence of the Board, as may be delegated to it in the Bylaws or on a majority vote of the Board, subject to the limitations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Updated as of December 31, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Updated to reflect the provisions of the Company's Amended/New Manual of Corporate Governance which considered the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which was approved and adopted by the Board during its Organizational Meeting held on May 25, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on the same day.

		1		<u> </u>			nancidad /
							provided by
							Section 35 of the
							Corporation Code
				\ \ -'			of the Philippines.
				Yes. The Charter	<u>Audit Functions:</u>	To enhance the	To, among others,
				was		Board's	conduct
				approved	The Audit and Risk	oversight	investigations and
				by the	Oversight	capability over	make
				Board of	Committee is	the	recommendations
				Directors	responsible for	Corporation's	relating to any
				on	overseeing the	financial	communication or
				November	Senior	reporting,	reports referred
				9, 2017	Management in	internal control	to it under the
					establishing and	system, internal	Whistle Blowing
					maintaining an	and external	Policy Procedures of the Company,
					adequate, effective	audit processes,	or relating to any
					and efficient internal	and compliance	, , ,
					control framework. It ensures that	with applicable	findings of major investigations on
					systems and	laws and	internal control or
					processes are	regulations; to be responsible	financial
					designed to provide	be responsible for the	reporting matters
					assurance in areas	oversight of the	as delegated by
					including reporting,	Corporation's	the Board or on
					monitoring	ERM system to	the Committee's
					compliance with	ensure its	own initiative ,
Audit and					laws, regulations	functionality	and
Risk					and internal policies,	and	management's
Oversight			_		efficiency and	effectiveness; to	response thereto.
(formerly the	0	2	2		effectiveness of	undertake the	,
Audit					operations, and	review of the	
Committee)					safeguarding of	Corporation's	
					assets.	RPTs; and such	
						other functions	
					The Audit and Risk	as the Board	
					Oversight	may designate,	
					Committee has the	as well as those	
					following duties and	as may be	
					responsibilities,	provided by	
					among others.	SEC. Thus, the	
						Audit and Risk	
					o Enhance the	Oversight	
					oversight capability	Committee shall	
					of the Board over	perform	
					the Corporation's	functions	
					financial reporting,	related not only	
					internal control	to audit, but	
					system, internal and	also functions	
					external audit	pertaining to	
					processes, and	risk oversight	
					compliance with applicable laws and	and RPTs.	
					regulations.		
					regulations.		
	1	1	<u> </u>	I			

oAssist the Board in
the performance of
its oversight
responsibility for
financial reports and
financial reporting
process, internal
control system,
audit process and in
monitoring and
facilitating
compliance with
both the internal
financial .
management
handbook and
pertinent accounting
standards, legal and
regulatory
requirements;
o Perform oversight
financial
management
functions specifically
in the areas of
managing credit,
market, liquidity,
operational, legal
and other risks of
the Corporation, and
crisis management;
ensis management)
o Prior to the
commencement of
the audit, discuss
and review all audit
plans, scope and
audit
resources/expenses,
and ensure proper
coordination if more
than one (1) audit
firm is involved;
o Formulate, adopt
and implement a
robust process for
approving and
recommending the
appointment,
reappointment,
removal, and fees of
the External Auditor.

	·	<u> </u>				
				The appointment,		
				reappointment, and		
				removal of the		
				External Auditor		
				shall be		
				recommended by		
				the Audit and Risk		
				Oversight		
				Committee and		
				approved by Board		
				of Directors and		
				ratified by the		
				shareholders.		
				Silar ellora ello.		
				O Be responsible for		
				assessing the		
				integrity and		
				independence of the		
				External Auditor and		
				exercising effective		
				oversight to review		
				and monitor the		
				External Auditor's		
				independence and		
				objectivity and the		
				effectiveness of the		
				audit process, taking		
				into consideration		
				relevant Philippine		
				professional and		
				regulatory		
				requirements, as		
				well as be		
				responsible for		
				reviewing and		
				monitoring the		
				External Auditor's		
				suitability and		
				effectiveness on an		
				annual basis;		
				o Perform oversight		
				functions with		
				respect to the		
				Internal and		
				External Auditor of		
				the Corporation,		
				ensuring the		
				independence of one		
				from the other,		
				freedom from		
				interference from		
				outside parties, and		
				their unrestricted		
L	n I	T.	·	1	L	

			access to such		
			records, properties		
			and personnel of the		
			Corporation		
			necessary to enable		
			them to perform		
			their respective		
			audit functions; and		
			review the reports		
			submitted by them;		
			o Evaluate and		
			determine any non-		
			audit work		
			performed by		
			External Auditor,		
			including the fees		
			therefor, and be		
			alert for any		
			potential conflict of		
			interest situations,		
			given the guidelines		
			or policies on non-		
			audit services, which		
			could be viewed as		
			impairing the		
			External Auditor's		
			objectivity and		
			independence;		
			o Establish and		
			identify the		
			reporting line of the		
			Internal Auditor;		
			internal Additor,		
			o Monitor and		
			evaluate the		
			adequacy and		
			effectiveness of the		
			Corporation's		
			internal control		
			system, including		
			financial reporting		
			control and		
			information		
			technology security;		
			ccomology security,		
			o Review all interim		
			and annual financial		
			statements before		
			submission to the		
			Board, with		
			particular focus on		
			the following:		
 <u>,                                      </u>		<u> </u>	· - ,	<u> </u>	

			1	
		•changes in		
		accounting policies		
		and practices;		
		•major judgmental		
		areas;		
		•significant		
		adjustments		
		resulting from audit;		
		•going concern		
		assumptions;		
		- I		
		•compliance with		
		accounting		
		standards; and		
		compliance with		
		tax, legal and		
		regulatory		
		requirements;		
		o Ensure that the		
		accounting and		
		auditing processes,		
		practices and		
		methods of the		
		Corporation comply		
		with Philippine and		
		internationally-		
		accepted standards;		
		o Develop a		
		transparent		
		financial		
		management		
		system that will		
		ensure the integrity		
		of internal control		
		activities throughout		
		the Corporation		
		through a step-by-		
		step procedures and		
		policies handbook		
		that will be used by		
		the entire		
		organization; and		
		o Supervise		
		Management in the		
		formulation of rules		
		and procedures on		
		financial reporting		
		and internal controls		
		in accordance with		
		the following, and		
		such other		
		Such other		

guidelines as may be
determined by the
Board:
a.The extent of
Management's
responsibility in the
preparation of
financial statements
of the Corporation
and the delineation
of the
responsibilities
pertaining to the
External Auditor
must be clearly set
out.
b.The system of
internal control
should be effective
in ensuring the
integrity of financial
reports and
maintaining
protection of the
assets of the
Corporation for the
benefit of all
stockholders and
other stakeholders.
c.The scope of the
Internal Audit
examinations based
on approved audit
plans should include,
at the minimum,
evaluation of
adequacy and
effectiveness of
controls on
governance,
operations,
information
systems, protection
of assets and
compliance with
contracts, laws,
rules and
regulations.
d. There should be
consistent
compliance with
SEC's financial
reporting
reporting

roquiroments
requirements.
Risk Oversight
Functions:
The Audit and Risk
Oversight
Committee shall
have the
responsibility to
assist the Board in
ensuring that there
is an effective and
integrated risk
management
process in place to guide the Board in
arriving at well-
informed decisions,
having taken into
consideration risks
related to significant
business activities,
plans and
opportunities. In
relation to this, the
Audit Committee
shall have the
following duties and
responsibilities,
among others.
a. Develop a formal
enterprise risk
management plan
which contains the
following elements:
(a) common
language or register
of risks, (b) well-
defined risk management goals,
objectives and
oversight, (c)
uniform processes of
assessing risks and
developing
strategies to
manage prioritized
risks, (d) designing
and implementing
risk management
strategies, and (e)
continuing

assessments to
improve risk
strategies, processes
and measures;
b. Oversee the
implementation of
the enterprise risk
management plan
through a
Management Risk
Oversight
Committee. The
Audit and Risk
Oversight
Committee conducts
regular discussions
on the Corporation's
prioritized and
residual risk
exposures based on
regular risk
management
reports and assesses
how the concerned
units or offices are
addressing and
managing these
risks;
c. Evaluate the risk
management plan
to ensure its
continued relevance,
comprehensiveness
and effectiveness.
The Audit and Risk
Oversight
Committee revisits
defined risk
management
strategies, looks for
emerging or
changing material
exposures, and stays
abreast of
significant
developments that
seriously impact the
likelihood of harm or
loss;
1033,
d. Advise the Board
on its risk appetite
он из нэк ирреше

levels and risk tolerance limits;  e. Review at least annually the Corporation's risk	
e. Review at least annually the Corporation's risk	
annually the Corporation's risk	
annually the Corporation's risk	
annually the Corporation's risk	
Corporation's risk	
appetite levels and	
risk tolerance limits	
based on changes	
and developments in	
the business, the	
regulatory	
framework, the	
external economic	
and business	
environment, and	
when major events occur that are	
considered to have	
major impacts on	
the Corporation;	
f Access the	
f. Assess the	
probability of each	
identified risk	
becoming a reality and estimates its	
possible significant financial impact and	
financial impact and	
likelihood of	
occurrence. Priority	
areas of concern are	
those risks that are	
the most likely to	
occur and to impact	
the performance	
and stability of the	
Corporation and its	
stakeholders;	
g. Provide oversight	
over Management's	
activities in	
managing credit,	
market, liquidity,	
operational, legal	
and other risk	
exposures of the	
Corporation. This	
function includes	
regularly receiving	
information on risk	
exposures and risk	

		activities from
		Management; and
		h. Damant to the
		h. Report to the
		Board on a regular
		basis, or as deemed
		necessary, the
		Corporation's
		material risk
		exposures, the
		actions taken to
		reduce the risks, and
		recommends further
		action or plans, as
		necessary.
		necessary.
		<u>Functions Relating</u>
		to RPTs
		Among others, the
		following are
		likewise the
		functions of the
		Audit and Risk
		Oversight
		Committee in
		relation to RPTS:
		o Evaluate on an
		ongoing basis
		existing relations
		between and among
		businesses and
		counterparties to
		ensure that all
		related parties are
		P · · · · · · ·
		continuously
		identified, RPTs are
		monitored, and
		subsequent changes
		in relationships with
		counterparties (from
		non-related to
		related and vice
		versa) are captured.
		Related parties,
		RPTs and changes in
		relationships should
		be reflected in the
		relevant reports to
		the Board and
		regulators/superviso
1		rs;
	l l	

o Evaluate all
material RPTs to
ensure that these
are not undertaken
on more favorable
economic terms
(e.g., price,
commissions,
interest rates, fees,
tenor, collateral
requirement) to such
related parties than
similar transactions
with non-related
parties under similar
circumstances and
that no corporate or
business resources
of the Corporation
are misappropriated
or misapplied, and
to determine any
potential
reputational risk
issues that may
arise as a result of
or in connection
with the
transactions. In
evaluating RPTs, the
Audit and Risk
Oversight Committee to leave
Committee takes
into account, among
others, the
following:
The valeted vents/s
•The related party's
relationship to the
Corporation and
interest in the
transaction;
2The material facts
of the proposed RPT,
including the
proposed aggregate
value of such
transaction;
2The benefits to the
Corporation of the
proposed RPT;
2The availability of
other sources of
comparable

products or services;
and
②An assessment of
whether the
proposed RPT is on
terms and
conditions that are
comparable to the
terms generally
available to an
unrelated party
under similar
circumstances. The
Corporation should
have an effective
price discovery
system in place and
exercise due
diligence in
determining a fair
price for RPTs;
o Ensure that
appropriate
disclosure is made,
and/or information
is provided to
regulating and
supervising
authorities relating
to the Corporation's
RPT exposures, and
policies on conflicts
of interest or
potential conflicts of
interest. The
disclosure should
include information
on the approach to
managing material
conflicts of interest
that are inconsistent
with such policies,
and conflicts that
could arise as a
result of the
Corporation's
affiliation or
transactions with
other related
parties;
a Deposit to the
o Report to the
Board of Directors

					on a regular basis,		
					the status and		
					aggregate		
					exposures to each		
					related party, as		
					well as the total		
					amount of		
					exposures to all		
					related parties;		
					o Ensure that		
					transactions with		
					related parties,		
					including write-off		
					of exposures are		
					subject to a periodic		
					independent review		
					or audit process;		
					and		
					o Oversee the		
					implementation of		
					the system for		
					identifying,		
					monitoring,		
					measuring, controlling, and		
					reporting RPTs,		
					including a periodic		
					review of RPT		
					policies and		
					procedures.		
				Yes. The	o Oversee the		It has the power
				Charter	implementation of		to set guidelines
				was	the corporate		on the number of
				approved	governance		directorships
				by the Board of	framework and		which a member
				Directors	periodically review		of the Board may
				on	the said framework		hold pursuant to
				November	to ensure that it		the policy on
Corporate				9, 2017	remains	Tasked to assist	multiple board
Governance Committee					appropriate in light	the Board in the	seats under the
(formerly the	1	3	2		of material changes	performance of	Company's CG
Nomination			_		to the Corporation's	its corporate	Manual.
and Hearing					size, complexity and	governance	
Committee)					business strategy,	responsibilities.	
					as well as its		
					business and		
					regulatory		
					environments;		
					a Overses ## -		
					o Oversee the		
					periodic performance		
L					perjormance		

evaluation of the Board and Committees, as well as executive management, and conduct an annual self-evaluation of its performance;
o Ensure that the results of the Board evaluation are shared, discussed, and that concrete action plans are developed and implemented to address the identified areas for improvement;
o Recommend continuing education/training programs for Directors, assignment of tasks/projects to Board Committees, succession plan for the Board members and Senior Officers, and remuneration packages for corporate and individual performance;
o Adopt corporate governance policies and ensure that these are reviewed and updated regularly, and consistently implemented in form and substance;  o Propose and plan relevant trainings for the members of the Board;

					o Determine the nomination and election process for the Corporation's Directors and define the general profile of Board members that the Corporation may need and ensure appropriate knowledge, competencies and expertise that complement the existing skills of the Board;  o Pre-screen and shortlist all candidates nominated to become a member of the Board of Directors in accordance with the qualifications and disqualifications as provided in this Manual.		
Executive Compensation Committee	2	2	1	Yes. The Charter was approved by the Board of Directors on November 9, 2017	The Executive Compensation Committee assists and advises the Board on remuneration packages of corporate officers and directors and provide oversight over remuneration of senior management and other key personnel ensuring that compensation is consistent with the Company's culture, strategy and control environment.	Establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing a policy on executive remuneration and for fixing the remuneration packages of corporate officers and directors; Provide oversight over remuneration of Senior Management and other key	Has the power to Review (if any) of the existing Human Resources Development or Personnel Handbook to strengthen provisions on conflict of interest, salaries and benefits policies, promotion and career advancement directives and compliance of personnel concerned with all statutory

					narcannal	roquire	nants that
					personnel	-	nents that
					ensuring that	must	be
					compensation is		ally met in
					consistent with	their	respective
					the Company's	posts.	
					culture,		
					strategy and		
					control		
					environment;		
					Designate		
					amount of		
					remuneration,		
					which shall be		
					in a sufficient		
					level to attract		
					and retain		
					directors and		
					officers who are		
					needed to run		
					the Company		
					successfully;		
					and in the		
					absence of such		
					Personnel		
					Handbook,		
					cause the		
					development of		
					such, covering		
					the same		
					parameters of		
					governance set		
					out in the CG		
					Manual.		
Others							
(specify)							
(-1////	И	l l		·	L		

# 2) Committee Members<sup>62</sup>

## (a) Executive Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held In 2016	No. of Meetings Attended in 2016	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	October 21, 1998	0	0	0	18 years
Member (NED)	Ramon S. Ang	April 4, 2000	0	0	0	16 years
Member (NED)	Bernard D. Marquez <sup>63</sup>	May 12, 2011	0	0	0	5 years

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 62}$  Updated to reflect information pertaining to 2016 meetings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup>Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

Member (NED)	Ferdinand K. Constantino <sup>64</sup>	May 10, 2012	0	0	0	4 years
Member (NED)	Francisco S. Alejo <sup>65</sup>	May 28, 2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 year

### (b) Audit and Risk Oversight Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held in 2016	No. of Meetings Attended in 2016	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Minita V. Chico-Nazario	March 9, 2012	4	4	100	4 years
Member (NED)	Leo S. Alvez	April 24, 2002	4	4	100	14 years
Member (NED)	Ferdinand K. Constantino <sup>66</sup>	May 10, 2012	4	4	100	4 years
Member (ID)	Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr <sup>67</sup> .	November 6, 2014	4	3	100	1 year
Member (NED)	Francisco S. Alejo <sup>68</sup>	May 28, 2015	2	2	100	1 year
Member (ID)	Aurora S. Lagman <sup>69</sup>	March 15, 2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	Less than 1 year

Disclose the profile or qualifications of the Audit Committee members. 70

Minita V. Chico-Nazario, 76, is an Independent Director of the Company since March 9, 2012, Chairperson of the Company's Audit Committee and Member of the Company's Executive Compensation Committee. She is also an Independent Director of Top Frontier Investment Holdings, Inc. and San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc., which are both listed with the PSE, and San Miguel Properties, Inc. She is currently a Director of Banco San Juan (Rural Bank) and Legal Consultant of Union Bank of the Philippines. She is also the incumbent Dean of the College of Law of the University of Perpetual Help in Las Piñas City. She has previously held the following positions: Legal Consultant of Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corporation (January 2010-June 2010) and Metro Manila Development Authority (March 2010-June 2010); and Chairman of the Board of Directors (June 2010-August 2010) and Director (September 2010-September 2011) of PNOC Exploration Corporation. She has served the judiciary in various capacities for forty-seven (47) years, as Presiding Justice of the Sandiganbayan (February 2003-February 2004) and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court (February 10, 2004-December 5, 2009). She obtained her law degree from the University of the Philippines and is a member of the New York State Bar.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Mr. Constantino's term of office as Director ceased on May 28, 2015, the date of the Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company. As disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015, Mr. Constantino is still a part of the committee as a non-director member.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Mr. Constantino's term of office as Director ceased on May 28, 2015, the date of the Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company. As disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015, Mr. Constantino is still a part of the committee as a non-director member.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> Director Villaruz, Jr. replaced Justice Angelina S. Gutierrez (ret.) who resigned effective October 8, 2014 was formerly a member of the Audit Committee. She attended all Audit Committee meetings during her term. Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on January 6, 2015.

Passed away on October 30, 2016 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on November 2, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Elected as Independent Director of the Company vice Justice Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. (Ret.) as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on March 15, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Updated to reflect the composition of the Committee as of May 25, 2017..

Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. <sup>71</sup>, 72, is an Independent Director of the Company since November 6, 2014 and a Member of the Audit Committee and Nomination and Hearing Committee. He is also an incumbent Independent Director of South Luzon Tollway Corporation (since March 16, 2015). He has served the judiciary as Associate Justice in Sandiganbayan (October 8, 2001 – October 9, 2011) and as Presiding Justice (October 10, 2011 – June 8, 2013). He was previously appointed as Director of the Securities and Exchange Commission. He obtained his law degree from the University of the Philippines and was a member and officer of the Order of The Purple Feather (UP Law Honor Society). He has attended various trainings, seminars and conferences in the Philippines and abroad.

Francisco S. Alejo III, 72, is a Director of the Company since May 28, 2015 and is a member of the Company's Executive Committee and Audit Committee. He is also the incumbent President of San Miguel Pure Foods Company, Inc., a company listed with the PSE. He also holds the following positions: Chairman of Philippine Prime Meat Marketing Corporation, San Miguel Purefoods Investment (BVI) Ltd. and San Miguel Foods & Beverage International Ltd.; Vice Chairman of San Miguel Foods, Inc. and San Miguel Mills, Inc.; Director of The Purefoods-Hormel Company, Inc.; President of Magnolia Inc. and San Miguel Super Coffeemix Co., Inc., President Commissioner of PT San Miguel Pure Foods Indonesia, San Miguel Purefoods (VN) Company Ltd., and San Miguel Foods (L) Pte Ltd.; and member of the San Miguel Foundation, Inc. Mr. Alejo holds a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from De La Salle University, and is a graduate of the Advanced Management Program of Harvard Business School.

Ferdinand K. Constantino, Filipino, 64, is a non-director member of the Company's Audit Committee, Executive Committee and Executive Compensation Committee. He was a former director of the Company. Among others, he is the incumbent Director, Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer and Treasurer of San Miguel Corporation; Vice Chairman of San Miguel Global Power Holdings, Corp.; Director of San Miguel Brewery Inc., San Miguel Yamamura Packaging Corporation, Petron Malaysia Refining & Marketing Bhd; President of Anchor Insurance Brokerage Corporation and Chairman of the San Miguel Foundation, Inc. He was a Director of Bank of Commerce, Philippine Airlines, Inc. and PAL Holdings, Inc. Mr. Constantino has held directorships in various subsidiaries of San Miguel Corporation during the last five years. He holds a degree in AB Economics from the University of the Philippines and completed academic requirements for an MA Economics degree in the same university. He also took a strategic Finance Course in IMD-Lausanne, Switzerland.

Aurora S. Lagman<sup>72</sup>, 78, is an Independent Director of the Company since March 15, 2017 and a Member of the Audit Committee and Nomination and Hearing Committee. She is currently a part-time faculty member of the College of Law Bulacan State University and a member of the Board of Trustees of Society for Judicial Excellence. Among others, she previously held the following positions: Member, Judicial and Bar Council (October 13, 2008 - July 9, 2016); Associate Justice, Court of Appeals (February 4, 2004 – January 15, 2008); and Judge, Regional Trial Court, Branch 77, Malolos, Bulacan (May 11, 1994 – February 3, 2004). She obtained her law degree at the Lyceum of the Philippines College of Law and has attended special studies and short courses abroad. She has also attended various domestic and foreign trainings, seminars and conferences.

Describe the Audit and Risk Oversight Committee's responsibility relative to the external auditor.<sup>73</sup>

The Audit and Risk Oversight Committee (the "Committee") is responsible for overseeing the Senior Management in establishing and maintaining an adequate, effective and efficient internal control framework. It ensures that systems and processes are designed to provide assurance in areas including reporting, monitoring compliance with laws, regulations and internal policies, efficiency and effectiveness of operations, and safeguarding of assets With

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Passed away on October 30, 2016 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on November 2, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Elected as Independent Director of the Company vice Justice Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. (Ret.) as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on March 15, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup>The Audit Committee has been renamed as Audit and Risk Oversight Committee, The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date. Updated to reflect information as contained in the said Charter.

respect to the external auditor, the Committee Charter enumerates the following duties and responsibilities:

- Formulate, adopt and implement a robust process for approving and recommending the appointment, reappointment, removal, and fees of the External Auditor. The appointment, reappointment, and removal of the External Auditor shall be recommended by the Committee and approved by the Board and ratified by the shareholders;
- Be responsible for assessing the integrity and independence of the External Auditor and exercising effective oversight to review and monitor the External Auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process, taking into consideration relevant Philippine professional and regulatory requirements, as well as be responsible for reviewing and monitoring the External Auditor's suitability and effectiveness on an annual basis;
- Perform oversight functions with respect to the Internal and External Auditor of the Corporation, ensuring the independence of one from the other, freedom from interference from outside parties, and their unrestricted access to such records, properties and personnel of the Corporation necessary to enable them to perform their respective audit functions, and review the reports submitted by them;
- Evaluate and determine any non-audit work performed by External Auditor, including the fees therefor, and be alert for any potential conflict of interest situations, given the guidelines or policies on non-audit services, which could be viewed as impairing the External Auditor's objectivity and independence;
- (c) Corporate Governance Committee (formerly the Nomination Committee<sup>74</sup>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held in 2016	No. of Meetings Attended in 2016	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Member (NED)	Leo S. Alvez	April 24, 2002	1	1	100	14 years
Member (ED)	Bernard D. Marquez <sup>75</sup>	May 12, 2011	1	1	100	5years
Member (NED)	Gabriel S. Claudio	November 11, 2010	1	1	100	6 years
Member (ID)	Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. <sup>76</sup>	November 6, 2014	1	1	100	1 year
Member (NED)	Mario K. Surio <sup>77</sup>	May 28, 2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 year
Non-Voting Member	Casiano B. Cabalan, Jr. <sup>78</sup>	May 28, 2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 year
Chairman	Aurora S. Lagman <sup>79</sup>	March 15, 2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	Less than 1 year
Member (ID)	Minita V. Chico-Nazario	May 25, 2917	N/A	N/A	N/A	Less than 1 year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> The functions of the Nomination and Hearing Committee has been subsumed by the Corporate Governance Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in the SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on the same date.

Updated to reflect information as of November 9, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup>Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Updated per advisement letter filed with SEC on January 5, 2016.

Passed away on October 30, 2016 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on November 2, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Elected as Independent Director of the Company vice Justice Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. (Ret.) as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed on March 15, 2017. She is now the Chairman of the Committee as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 25, 2017.

Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	November 9,	N/A	N/A	N/A	Less than
		2017				1 year

### (d) Remuneration Committee<sup>80</sup>

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held in 2016	No. of Meetings Attended in 2016	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Ramon S. Ang <sup>81</sup>	May 28, 2015	0	0	0	1 year
Non-Director Member	Ferdinand K. Constantino <sup>82</sup>	May 10, 2012	0	0	0	4 years
Member (ED)	Bernard D. Marquez <sup>83</sup>	May 12, 2011	0	0	0	5 years
Member (NED)	Leo S. Alvez	April 24, 2002	0	0	0	14 years
Member (ID)	Minita V. Chico-Nazario	March 9, 2012	0	0	0	4 years
Member (NED)	Aurora T. Calderon	November 9, 2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### (e) Others (Specify) NONE

Provide the same information on all other committees constituted by the Board of Directors: N/A

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman						
Member (ED)						
Member (NED)	NOT APPLICABLE					
Member (ID)						
Member						

### 3) Changes in Committee Members<sup>84</sup>

Indicate any changes in committee membership that occurred during the year and the reason for the changes:

Name of Committee	Name	Reason
Executive	None	None
Audit (now Audit and Risk Oversight Committee)	Carmelo L. Santiago	Replaced by Minita V. Chico-Nazario due to resignation of Mr. Santiago
,	Carlos Palanca III	Replaced by Angelina S. Gutierrez due to resignation of Mr. Palanca

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 80}$  Referred to as the Executive Compensation Committee of the Company.

Updated to reflect information disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 25, 2017 and November 9, 2017.

<sup>81</sup> Updated per SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015. Director Ramon S. Ang is the new chairman of the committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Mr. Constantino ceased to be a Director on May 28, 2015, the date of the Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company. As disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on May 28, 2015. Mr. Constantino is a non-director member and Director Ramon S. Ang is the new chairman of the committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.

<sup>84</sup> Changes that happened in 2016 and 2017 are those that pertain to Director Villaruz. Updated to reflect information as of November 9, 2017.

	Angelina S. Gutierrez	Replaced by Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. due to resignation of Angelina S. Gutierrez.
	Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr.	Replaced by Aurora S. Lagman, due to the demise of Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr.
Nomination (now Corporate Governance Committee)	Carmelo L. Santiago	Replaced by Minita V. Chico-Nazario due to resignation of Mr. Santiago
Committee,	Angelina S. Gutierrez	Replaced by Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr. due to the resignation of Angelina S. Gutierrez
	Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr.	Replaced by Aurora S. Lagman, due to the demise of Francisco H. Villaruz, Jr.
	Bernard D. Marquez	Replaced by Aurora T. Calderon, due to the resignation of Mr. Marquez
Remuneration (equivalent to Executive	Carmelo L. Santiago	Replaced by Minita V. Chico-Nazario due to resignation of Mr. Santiago
Compensation Committee)	Carlos Palanca III	Replaced by Angelina S. Gutierrez due to resignation of Mr. Palanca.
	Bernard D. Marquez	Replaced by Aurora T. Calderon, due to the resignation of Mr. Marquez
Others (specify)	None	None

## 4) Work Done and Issues Addressed

Describe the work done by each committee and the significant issues addressed during the year<sup>85</sup>.

Name of Committee	Work Done	Issues Addressed
Executive	No Executive Committee meeting was held in 2016.	No material issues, such as issues of compliance matters were required to be addressed by the committee.
Audit (now Audit and Risk Oversight Committee)	<ul> <li>Recommended to the Board and endorsed for approval by the stockholders, the appointment of R.G. Manabat &amp; Co., as the Company's independent External Auditor for 2016;</li> <li>Reviewed and approved the terms of engagement of the External Auditor, including the audit, audit-related and any non-audit services provided by the External Auditor to the Company and the fees for such services, and ensured that the same</li> </ul>	No material issues, such as issues on compliance matters were required to be addressed by the committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016. Updated to reflect information as of November 9, 2017.

did not impair the External Auditor's independence and objectivity;

- •Reviewed and approved the scope of audit and audit plans of the External Auditor as well as the Internal Audit Group of the Company, and discussed the results of their respective audit processes and their findings and assessment of the Company's internal controls and financial reporting systems;
- Reviewed, discussed and recommended for approval of the Board the Company's 2016 quarterly financial statements and 2015 parent and consolidated financial statements, and the reports required to be submitted to regulatory agencies in connection with such consolidated financial statements, to ensure that the information contained in such statements and reports presented a true and balanced assessment of the Company's financial position and condition and that such statements and reports complied with the regulatory requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission and applicable laws. rules. regulations and issuances of regulatory bodies;
- •Implemented a self-assessment procedure by accomplishing the Audit Committee Self-Assessment Form, which is intended to measure compliance of the Committee with its Charter, as well as improve performance of the Committee in accordance with the best practices in corporate governance; and
- •Reviewed the adequacy, effectiveness and sufficiency of the Company's financial and internal controls, risk management systems, and control and governance processes, and ensured that, where applicable, necessary measures were taken to address any concern or issue arising therefrom.

Nomination (now	Pre-screened and short listed all	No material issues, such as issues on
Corporate Governance	candidates nominated to become a	compliance matters were required to
Committee)	member of the Board of Directors of	be addressed by the committee,
	the Company for 2016, in accordance	
	with the qualifications and	
	disqualifications as provided in the	
	By-laws, CG Manual and relevant	
	laws and government issuances.	
Remuneration	No meeting was held in 2016.	
(equivalent to		No material issues, such as issues on
Executive		compliance matters were required to
Compensation		be addressed by the committee.
Committee)		
Others (specify)		

### 5) Committee Program<sup>86</sup>

Provide a list of programs that each committee plans to undertake to address relevant issues in the improvement or enforcement of effective governance for the coming year.

Name of Committee	Planned Programs	Issues to be Addressed
Executive	None	None
Audit (now Audit and	Implementation of a Performance	To align with corporate governance
Risk Oversight	Assessment Process.	best practice
Committee)		
Nomination (now	Implementation of a Performance	To align with corporate governance
Corporate Governance	Assessment Process.	best practices
Committee)		
Remuneration	Implementation of a Performance	To align with corporate governance
(equivalent to	Assessment Process.	best practices
Executive		
Compensation		
Committee)		
Others (specify)	None	None

### F. RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM<sup>87</sup>

#### 1) Disclose the following:

(a) Overall risk management philosophy of the company;

The Company is aware that engaging in a business is an undertaking which entails a lot of risks. Thus, it has in place a system of identifying, prioritizing, measuring, monitoring and addressing and minimizing various risks. The various units/departments/offices of the Company are in charge of managing the risks associated or related to their respective functions and are expected to take into account these risks when undertaking their day-to-day activities and in establishing their plans and programs.

The Company's Audit and Risk Oversight Committee performs functions related to risk oversight. It has the responsibility to assist the Board in ensuring that there is an effective and integrated risk management process in place to guide the Board in arriving at well-informed decisions, having taken into consideration risks related to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Updated to reflect information as of November 9, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> Updated to reflect information as of November 9, 2017.

significant business activities, plans and opportunities.

(b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system and commenting on the adequacy thereof;

The Audit Committee conducts a regular review of the Company's activities related to risk management. This is included in the accomplishment of the Committee in 2016.<sup>88</sup>

(c) Period covered by the review;

2016<sup>89</sup>

(d) How often the risk management system is reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing its effectiveness; and

The Board has oversight responsibilities for ensuring presence of adequate and effective internal control mechanisms. The Audit and Risk Oversight Committee is mandated to assist the Board in the performance of this oversight responsibility. Thus, risk management system is monitored regularly.

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

N/A

#### 2) Risk Policy

### (a) Company

Give a general description of the company's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Competitor Risk	Maintain a strong brand and product portfolio; Expand product portfolio if necessary; and monitor consumer trends and competitor activities.	To be the brand of choice of consumers and to cater to shifting consumer preference.
Regulatory Risk	Appropriately address changes in regulations and actions by national or local regulators.	Cushion the effect/s of the regulatory changes.
Raw Materials and Supply Risk	Maintain raw materials flexibility; Regular monitoring of its raw materials; Import materials when necessary; and Enter into various commodity derivatives.	To ensure steady supply of materials; Manage the price risk on strategic commodities; and Fix price of commodities at levels acceptable to the Company.
Foreign Currency Risk	Enter into foreign currency hedges using a combination of nonderivative and derivative instruments such as foreign currency forwards or swaps.	Reduce or eliminate earnings volatility and any adverse impact on equity.
Credit Risk	To enter into transactions with a diversity of credit worthy parties; and Maintain an internal	Mitigate any significant concentration of credit risk.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

<sup>89</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

	mechanism to monitor the granting of credit and management of credit exposures.	
Interest Rate Risk	Use an optimal combination of fixed and variable rate debt instruments.	To reduce the impact of short- term fluctuations on the Company's earnings.
Commodity Price Risk	Enter into various commodity derivatives to manage its price risks on strategic commodities.	Fix the prices of commodities at levels acceptable to the Company. Thus, protecting raw material costs and preserving margins.
Liquidity Risk	Constant monitoring and management of its liquidity position, liquidity gaps or surplus on a daily basis; Ensure availability of funds through committed stand-by credit facility from several local banks; and Use derivative instruments.	To ensure the adequate funding is available at all times; To meet commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; To be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost; and To maintain an adequate time spread of refinancing maturities.

# (b) Group

Give a general description of the Group's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Competitor Risk	Maintain a strong brand and product portfolio; Expand product portfolio if necessary; and monitor consumer trends and competitor activities.	To be the brand of choice of consumers and to cater to shifting consumer preference.
Regulatory Risk	Appropriately address changes in regulations and actions by national or local regulators.	Cushion the effect/s of the regulatory changes.
Raw Materials and Supply Risk	Maintain raw materials flexibility; Regular monitoring of its raw materials; Import materials when necessary; and Enter into various commodity derivatives.	To ensure steady supply of materials; Manage the price risk on strategic commodities; and Fix price of commodities at levels acceptable to the Company.
Foreign Currency Risk	Enter into foreign currency hedges using a combination of non-derivative and derivative instruments such as foreign currency forwards or swaps.	Reduce or eliminate earnings volatility and any adverse impact on equity.
Credit Risk	To enter into transactions with a diversity of credit worthy parties; and Maintain an internal mechanism to monitor the granting of credit and management of credit exposures.	Mitigate any significant concentration of credit risk.
Interest Rate Risk	Use an optimal combination of fixed and variable rate debt instruments.	To reduce the impact of short- term fluctuations on the Group's earnings.

Commodity Price Risk	Enter into various commodity derivatives to manage its price risks on strategic commodities.	Fix the prices of commodities at levels acceptable to the Group. Thus, protecting raw material costs and preserving margins.
Liquidity Risk	Constant monitoring and management of its liquidity position, liquidity gaps or surplus on a daily basis; Ensure availability of funds through committed stand-by credit facility from several local banks; and Use derivative instruments.	To ensure the adequate funding is available at all times; To meet commitments as they arise without incurring unnecessary costs; To be able to access funding when needed at the least possible cost; and To maintain an adequate time spread of refinancing maturities.

#### (c) Minority Shareholders

Indicate the principal risk of the exercise of controlling shareholders' voting power.

### **Risk to Minority Shareholders**

As every stockholder entitled to vote shall be entitled to one (1) vote for each share of stock in his name in the books of the Company, there is a possibility that majority shareholders will be able to overturn the votes or decisions of the minority shareholders. The Company, however, have provisions in its CG Manual, which would afford protection to minority shareholders such as the non-removal of director without cause, if it will have the effect of denying minority shareholders' representation in the Board.

### 3) Control System Set Up

## (a) Company

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment Risk Manage tisk Exposure (Monitoring and Measurement Process) T	
Competitor Risk	Monitoring of competitive activities and tri-media campaign; Periodic evaluation of industry & market reports by third parties.	Market Share Readings; Advertising Efficiency Reports; Sales-To-Trade Volume Reports.
Regulatory Risk	Monitoring of government agencies' regulations and legislations by presence in agency briefings and public hearings.	Advocacy on proposed regulation and legislations such as, excise tax, product standards, patents and certifications.
Foreign Currency Risk	Coordinates with SMC Group for placements, if necessary.	Close coordination with the parent company's treasury group.
Credit Risk	Monitoring of Accounts Receivable balances.	Aging Analysis of Accounts Receivable; Periodic Trade Inventory Counts to establish collection gaps, if any.
Interest Rate Risk	Monitoring of Funds Requirements, Credit Facilities and Interest Rates.	Treasury Bill Rates, LIBOR and SIBOR
Commodity Price Risk	Monitoring of Major Raw Material	Forward Contracts on Molasses and

	and Packaging Prices and Supplies.	other alternative feed stocks for brewing and distillation. Negotiated Cost for Bottles and Packaging Materials.
Liquidity Risk	Monitoring of Short-Term Debt vs. Funds Requirement.	Maintaining a balance between Debt and Trade Financing Analysis of Liquidity Measures, i.e., Current Ratio, Debt-to-Equity Ratio and Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation & Amortization (EBITDA).

## (b) Group

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Competitor Risk	Monitoring of competitive activities and tri media campaign; Periodic evaluation of industry & market reports by third parties.	Market Share Readings Advertising Efficiency Reports Sales-To-Trade Volume Reports
Regulatory Risk	Monitoring of government agencies' regulations and legislations by presence in agency briefings and public hearings.	Advocacy on proposed regulation and legislations such as, excise tax, product standards, patents and certifications.
Foreign Currency Risk	Coordinates with SMC Group for placements, if necessary.	Close coordination with the parent company's treasury group.
Credit Risk	Monitoring of Accounts Receivable balances.	Aging Analysis of Accounts Receivable; Periodic Trade Inventory Counts to establish collection gaps, if any.
Interest Rate Risk	Monitoring of Funds Requirements, Credit Facilities and Interest Rates.	Treasury Bill Rates, LIBOR and SIBOR
Commodity Price Risk	Monitoring of Major Raw Material and Packaging Prices and Supplies.	Forward Contracts on Molasses and other alternative feed stocks for brewing and distillation.  Negotiated Cost for Bottles and Packaging Materials.
Liquidity Risk	Monitoring of Short-Term Debt vs. Funds Requirement.	Maintaining a balance between Debt and Trade Financing Analysis of Liquidity Measures, i.e., Current Ratio, Debt-to-Equity Ratio and Earnings Before Interest, Depreciation & Amortization (EBITDA).

## (c) Committee

Identify the committee or any other body of corporate governance in charge of laying down and supervising these

control mechanisms, and give details of its functions:

Committee/Unit	Control Mechanism	Details of its Functions
Business Procurement Group (Raw Materials and Supply and Commodity Price Risks)	Raw Material and Packaging Supply and Prices	Monitors Prices and Supply of Molasses, Alcohol and Packaging Materials Price Negotiations of Raw and Packaging Materials.
Sales and Marketing Groups (Competitor Risk)	Industry/Consumer Trends Market Share	Monitors consumer trends and competitive activities Address immediate issues with tactical programs Develop products for changing customer consumption patterns.
Finance Group/Internal Audit (Regulatory, Credit, Interest Rate, Liquidity and Foreign Currency Risks)	Working Capital Management	Monitors Customer Credit Standing Collection Gap Analysis Trade Inventory Count Conducts Periodic Inventory Count of Full Goods and Materials & Supplies.

### G. INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL<sup>90</sup>

The Company is part of the business conglomerate of SMC and as such, except for those peculiar to the Company, the various policies of SMC, including those relating to internal audit and controls cover/apply to all the companies belonging to the SMC Group including the Company.

### 1) Internal Control System

Disclose the following information pertaining to the internal control system of the company:

(a) Explain how the internal control system is defined for the company;

Internal control, as defined by the Company in its "Corporate Policy on Internal Control" comprises any action taken by management, the Board and other parties to enhance risk management, and increase likelihood that established objectives and goals will be achieved. The primary objectives of internal control are to ensure:

- Reliability and integrity of financial and operational information;
- Effectiveness and efficiency of operation;
- Safeguarding of assets;
- Compliance with policies, plans, procedures, laws, regulations and contracts; and
- Accomplishment of established objectives and goals for operations or programs.
- (b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and whether they consider them effective and adequate;

The Audit Committee conducts a regular review of the Company's internal control system. This is included in the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Updated to reflect information as of November 9, 2017. The Audit Committee referred to here is now called Audit and Risk Oversight Committee. The Charter of this Committee was approved by the Board of Directors on November 9, 2017 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on the same date.

accomplishment of the Committee in 2016.91

(c) Period covered by the review;

2016.<sup>92</sup>

(d) How often internal controls are reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system; and

The Board has oversight responsibilities for ensuring presence of adequate and effective internal control mechanisms. The Audit Committee is mandated to assist the Board in the performance of this oversight responsibility. Thus, internal controls are monitored regularly.

(e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

 $N/A^{93}$ 

#### 2) Internal Audit

(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function<sup>94</sup>
Give a general description of the role, scope of internal audit work and other details of the internal audit function.

Role	Scope	Indicate whether In-house or Outsource Internal Audit Function	Name of Chief Internal Auditor/Auditing Firm	Reporting process
Ginebra San Miguel	The scope of work	In-house with	Group Audit	Functionally to
Group Audit	of GSMGA is to	Outsourcing	Manager: Isadora	the GSMI Audit
(GSMGA) provides	assist the Board		A. Papica	Committee;
independent,	and Management			administratively
objective assurance	in determining		Auditing Firms:	to the GSMI
and consulting	whether the risk		<ul> <li>MV Reyes &amp;</li> </ul>	President
services designed to	management,		Associates	
add value and	control, and			
improve the	governance		<ul> <li>Reyes</li> </ul>	
operations of GSMI	processes within		Tacandong &	
and its Subsidiaries,	the GSMI Group,		Co.	
and help the	as designed and			
Ginebra San Miguel	represented by			
Group accomplish its objectives by	Management, are adequate and			
, , ,	adequate and effective in a			
bringing a systematic,	manner to ensure			
disciplined	that:			
approach to	triat.			
evaluate and	<ul> <li>Significant</li> </ul>			
improve the	exposures to			

<sup>91</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

<sup>93</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

effectiveness of risk	risks are	
management,	appropriately appropriately	
control, and	identified and	
governance	adequately	
processes.	managed.	
processes.	managea.	
	a Cignificant	
	Significant	
	financial,	
	managerial,	
	and operating	
	information is	
	accurate,	
	reliable, and	
	timely.	
	timely.	
	a Employage'	
	• Employees'	
	and	
	Company's	
	actions are in	
	compliance	
	with policies,	
	standards,	
	procedures,	
	and	
	applicable	
	laws and	
	regulations.	
	regulations.	
	A Description and	
	Resources are	
	acquired	
	economically,	
	used	
	efficiently,	
	and	
	adequately	
	protected.	
	Objectives	
	and goals for	
	operations or	
	programs are	
	achieved.	
	deineved.	
	- Effectiveness	
	• Effectiveness,	
	efficiency and	
	continuous	
	improvement	
	are promoted	
	in the	
	Company's	
	operating	
	systems and	
	processes.	
	processes.	

(b) Do the appointment and/or removal of the Internal Auditor or the accounting /auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function is outsourced require the approval of the audit committee?

Yes. The Audit Committee Charter provides, among others, that the Audit Committee confirms the appointment or replacement by management of the head of the internal auditor. The said Committee also reviews and confirms the annual audit and strategic plans prepared by the internal auditor in consultation with Management. Such plans include, among others, the outsourcing of some audit functions to an auditing firm.

(c) Discuss the internal auditor's reporting relationship with the audit committee. Does the internal auditor have direct and unfettered access to the board of directors and the audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel?

The Internal Auditor reports functionally to the Audit Committee. The office of the Internal Auditor has direct and unfettered access to the Board and the audit committee, as well as to Company records, properties and personnel in the conduct of internal audit function.

(d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons

Disclose any resignation/s or re-assignment of the internal audit staff (including those employed by the third-party auditing firm) and the reason/s for them.

Name of Audit Staff	Reason	
NOT APPLICABLE	NOT APPLICABLE	

(e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and Examination Trends

State the internal audit's progress against plans, significant issues, significant findings and examination trends.

The relationship among progress, plans, issues and findings should be viewed as an internal control review cycle which involves the following step-by-step activities:

- 1) Preparation of an audit plan inclusive of a timeline and milestones;
- 2) Conduct of examination based on the plan;
- 3) Evaluation of the progress in the implementation of the plan;
- 4) Documentation of issues and findings as a result of the examination;
- 5) Determination of the pervasive issues and findings ("examination trends") based on single year result and/or year-to-year results;
- 6) Conduct of the foregoing procedures on a regular basis.

<b>Progress Against Plans</b> Completed the 2016 Annual Audit Plan <sup>95</sup>	
Issues <sup>96</sup> There are no compliance matters that a adopting different interpretations	
Findings <sup>97</sup> As reported to the Audit Commit quarterly meetings	
<b>Examination Trends</b> Generally adequate and effective internal c	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

 $<sup>^{96}</sup>$  "Issues" are compliance matters that arise from adopting different interpretations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> "Findings" are those with concrete basis under the Company's policies and rules.

### (f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures

Disclose all internal audit controls, policies and procedures that have been established by the company and the result of an assessment as to whether the established controls, policies and procedures have been implemented under the column "Implementation."

Policies & Procedures	Implementation
San Miguel Group Policies and Guidelines on	Generally in order
Revenue Cycle	
San Miguel Group Policies and Guidelines on	Generally in order
Procurement Cycle	
San Miguel Group Policies and Guidelines on	Generally in order
Supply Chain – Logistics Cycle	
San Miguel Group Policies and Guidelines on	Generally in order
Finance – Treasury Cycle	

### (g) Mechanism and Safeguards

State the mechanism established by the company to safeguard the independence of the auditors, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies (example, restrictions on trading in the company's shares and imposition of internal approval procedures for these transactions, limitation on the non-audit services that an external auditor may provide to the company):

Auditors (Internal and External)	Financial Analysts	Investment Banks	Rating Agencies
The Board through the Audit Committee performs its oversight responsibility of the Company's corporate governance processes relating to the independence and performance of its internal and external auditors. The Audit Committee Charter lays down the specific duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee with respect to the Internal and External Auditors and such duties and responsibilities include, among others, the obligation of maintaining the independence and objectivity of the said auditors.	As they are considered "third parties" or public, the PSE-disclosure rules to protect public interest shall apply.	As they are considered "third parties" or public, the PSE-disclosure rules to protect public interest shall apply.	As they are considered "third parties" or public, the PSE-disclosure rules to protect public interest shall apply.
Internal Auditors are			

covered by the		
Securities Dealing		
Policy of the Company.		
Moreover, its Charter		
The state of the s		
espouses the principle		
of independence and		
objectivity. The said		
charter espouses the		
following:		
"Internal Auditing" is		
an independent,		
objective assurance		
and consulting activity		
designed to add value		
and improve an		
organization's		
operations; and		
"Internal Audit Group"		
is a staff organization		
and functions in an		
advisory capacity; it		
exercises no direct		
1		
operating activities or		
functions it reviews.		
As to its External		
Auditor, the Company		
is guided by the		
current ethical		
standards in the		
engagement of the		
services of such editors		
and does not engage		
the same to render		
non-audit services if		
such services may		
create threats to the		
auditor's		
independence.		

(h) State the officers (preferably the Chairman and the CEO) who will have to attest to the company's full compliance with the SEC Code of Corporate Governance. Such confirmation must state that all directors, officers and employees of the company have been given proper instruction on their respective duties as mandated by the Code and that internal mechanisms are in place to ensure that compliance.

The Company's SEC Form 17-A for the period ended December 31, 2016 includes a statement relative to the Company's Corporate Governance. It is stated therein that the Company substantially complied with the provisions of its Manual on Corporate Governance. The said form were signed by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, President, Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary and Chief Finance Officer.<sup>98</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> Updated to reflect information as December 31, 2016 and as reflected in the Company's SEC Form 17-A filed with the SEC on April 10, 2017.

# H. ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS

1) Disclose the company's policy and activities relative to the following:

	Policy	Activities
	The Company's policies on this matter are guided by the Company's corporate value of "Consumerfocused". The said value is summed up in this statement: "We delight our consumers by providing them with superior products and services that anticipate their needs and exceed their expectations. We engage them by creating unique and memorable experiences that entice them to come back for more. Our consumers are at the heart of what we do."	Conduct of various activities (sampling, promotional events) to keep the customers interested in the Company's products as well as update them on new products.
Customers' welfare	The Company also has a system of addressing customer complaints.  The Company's CG Manual provides the framework of rules, systems and processes in the corporation that governs the performance of the Board of Directors and Management of their respective duties and responsibilities to the Corporation's stockholders and other stakeholders which include, among others, customers, employees, suppliers, financiers, government and the community in which it operates.	Monitor and promptly address consumer complaints.
Supplier/contractor selection practice	The Company has in place a Supplier Accreditation System which lays down the process of assessing a supplier's capability in meeting the Company's requirements for goods and services with the objective, among others, of maintaining a pool of world-class suppliers.  The Company's CG Manual provides the framework of rules, systems and processes in the corporation that governs the performance of the	Assessment and evaluation of all prospective suppliers to determine qualification for accreditation.  Conduct of supplier accreditation visits.  Periodic review of accreditation.  Determination of Suppliers' Offense and corresponding consequence/actions.

Environmentally friendly value- chain	Board of Directors and Management of their respective duties and responsibilities to the Corporation's stockholders and other stakeholders which include, among others, customers, employees, suppliers, financiers, government and the community in which it operates.  It is the Company's policy to do its share in taking care of the environment. Thus, it is committed to comply with environmental laws, as well as rules and regulations issued by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources and its attached agencies.	Updating Supplier Information Record.  The Company complies with the relevant environmental laws, rules and regulations and secures necessary environmental-related permits, licenses and authority.
Community interaction	Guided by the Company's corporate value of "Social Responsibility" summed up in this statement: "We are guided by our corporate values in the way we work and interact with all our stakeholders. As we deliver reasonable returns to our shareholders, we recognize that we are part of a bigger community. Thus, we commit to uplift the quality of life through education, environment — protection and community development programs. We create positive impact wherever we operate."  In recognition of the abovementioned value, the Company has annual Corporate Social Responsibility Programs in immediate and/or communities-atstake areas of operation implemented by the relevant plants/office of the Company. The major thrusts of the CSR are education; environment, health and safety; Entrepreneurship and Employee Volunteerism.  The Company's CG Manual provides the framework of rules, systems and processes in the corporation that governs the performance of the Board of Directors and Management of their respective duties and responsibilities to the Corporation's stockholders and other stakeholders which include, among others,	Establish and maintain good relationship with the Community where the Company operates.  Implement community development programs or activities intended to achieve the thrusts established by the Company.

	customers, employees, suppliers, financiers, government and the community in which it operates.	
Anti-corruption programmes and procedures?	The Company has a policy on Solicitation and Acceptance of Gifts which espouses the Company's commitment to succeed in a manner that upholds the highest standards of honesty, integrity and fairness. Consistent with this commitment, the Company expects each employee to observe reasonable standards of conduct. It requires employees to conduct business affairs with fairness, avoid granting undue personal favors, exercise discretion in accepting favors or gifts from persons seeking or doing business within the Company and refuse gifts that might connote bribery in any way.	Regular monitoring of compliance
	The Company's CG Manual provides the framework of rules, systems and processes in the corporation that governs the performance of the Board of Directors and Management of their respective duties and responsibilities to the Corporation's stockholders and other stakeholders which include, among others, customers, employees, suppliers, financiers, government and the community in which it operates.	
	The Company has a Debt Financing Policy intended to guide the Company in negotiating and securing loans.	Regular monitoring of compliance
Safeguarding creditors' rights	The Company's CG Manual provides the framework of rules, systems and processes in the corporation that governs the performance of the Board of Directors and Management of their respective duties and responsibilities to the Corporation's stockholders and other stakeholders which include, among others, customers, employees, suppliers, financiers, government and the community in which it operates.	

<sup>2)</sup> Does the company have a separate corporate responsibility (CR) report/section or sustainability report/section?

Yes.

- 3) Performance-enhancing mechanisms for employee participation. 99
  - (a) What are the company's policy for its employees' safety, health, and welfare?

Concern for its employees' safety, health and welfare has always been the Company's top priority. The Company, among others, has adopted the Department of Labor and Employment's Self-Assessment for Occupational Safety and Health and adopted a Crises Management Manual.

To ensure the employees' safety, health and welfare, Annual Physical Examinations of employees are conducted, as well as other related activities are conducted throughout the year.

It is also the Company's policy to promote career advancement and development through the numerous training programs and seminars implemented by and/or facilitated by the Company's Human Resources Department.

The Company has adopted a Policy on Anti-Sexual Harassment, declaring all forms of sexual harassment in the workplace as unlawful. In the said policy, the Company declares its commitment in upholding the rights and dignity of all its employees through the creation of a work environment characterized by professionalism, fairness, openness, trust and respect.

The Company has also adopted a Policy and Guidelines on Drug Abuse. The said policy is intended to promote a workplace that is free from drug abuse as it is detrimental to the safety, health and work performance of its employees. Consistent with this policy, the Company shall provide opportunities to rehabilitate employees who are engaged in drug abuse and discipline employees who persistently refuse to give up drug abuse.

The Company has also adopted the following policies which are intended to prevent and control the possible spread of such illnesses in the workplace: Policy on TB Tuberculosis (TB) Prevention and Control in the Workplace; Policy on HIV & AIDS Prevention and Control in the Workplace and Policy on Hepatitis B. Consistent with the these policies, the Company provides a non-discriminatory work environment for employees diagnosed with any of the aforementioned illnesses and provides access to adequate diagnostic, treatment and other health services through referral of affected employees to private or government healthcare facilities

(b) Show data relating to health, safety and welfare of its employees. 100

In 2016, the Company conducted various activities intended to promote the health, safety and welfare of its employees. The said activities pertain, among others, to the following:

- 1. Health and Wellness Day: This is a whole day medical activity which entitled employees to avail of discounted rates for immunization. Zumba classes were also held, as well as a talk on Dengue Awareness in coordination with the Department of Health.
- 2. Various Sports Tournaments: Basketball, Volleyball, Badminton, Bowling, Table Tennis, Darts and Billiards.
- 3. Activities in relation to the celebration of Valentine's Day, Mothers' Day, Fathers' Day and Halloween
- 4. Monthly First Friday Mass
- 5. Company and Plant Anniversary Celebrations
- 6. Plant Christmas Party Celebrations
- (c) State the company's training and development programmes for its employees. Show the data. 101

In 2016, the Company and its subsidiaries provided opportunities to its employees to attend numerous training

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2015.

 $<sup>^{100}</sup>$  Updated for the year ended December 31, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>101</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

programs covering various topics, conducted here and abroad. Training programs were also conducted in house. In summary, the number of employees who participated in the training programs is shown hereunder:

Training and Development Programs	Ginebra San Miguel, Inc.	Distileria Bago, Inc.	East Pacific Star Bottlers Phils Inc.
Local-External	214	21	30
Foreign-External	9	-	-
In-House Programs	1,127	327	65
Total	1,350	348	95

(d) State the company's reward/compensation policy that accounts for the performance of the company beyond short-term financial measures

The Company has a variable pay program which provides financial incentives contingent in the achievement of the Company's annual goals and objectives.

4) What are the company's procedures for handling complaints by employees concerning illegal (including corruption) and unethical behaviour? Explain how employees are protected from retaliation.

The Company has a Whistleblowing Policy (the "Policy"). It provides that all complaints on accounting, internal accounting controls, auditing or financial reporting matters may be communicated to the General Counsel and Compliance Officer (the "Compliance Officer"), if such concerns involve the Compliance Officer, then the same may be communicated to the President. The said complaints are ultimately referred to the Audit Committee, which complaints may be on anonymous basis and which shall be placed in confidential files and will be retained for seven (7) years or for such longer time as the Audit Committee may deem necessary. If it is unclear whether a communication involves accounting, auditing, internal accounting controls or financial reporting matters, the Compliance Officer shall likewise direct such communication to the Audit Committee, with a note to that effect.

All communications received through the established channels will be kept confidential. The original copies or records of all communications will be available to any Audit Committee member upon request.

The Audit Committee will determine whether any action or response is necessary or appropriate in respect of a communication, and it will take or direct such action as it deems appropriate. Such action may include engaging external advisers, for which funding will be available. The determinations made by the Audit Committee in respect of each communication and any further action taken will be recorded in the log maintained for such purpose by the Compliance Officer or a person designated by the Audit Committee if the Compliance Officer is the subject of a communication. These determinations may be recorded based on the standard categories established by the Audit Committee, which may include: the communication is not a "complaint" or "concern", as contemplated by the applicable requirements; the communication is misdirected (such as a communication involving an employment dispute); no further action shall be required because the communication can be analyzed on its face; and further action required (with a record of the action taken and its outcome). The Compliance Officer or any other person designated by the Audit Committee will report on the status of any further action directed by the Audit Committee on a monthly basis or at such frequency as the Audit Committee may otherwise require.

Misdirected communications as determined by the Audit Committee or concerns not relating to accounting, internal accounting control, auditing or financial reporting matters shall be addressed to and be acted upon by the appropriate responsible supervisor or officer of the business units affected in accordance with the SMC Group's conventional reporting channels. In this connection, employees with such concerns should raise them with their respective supervisors and the supervisors have the responsibility to ensure that such concerns are properly acted upon.

Employees are protected from retaliation as it is categorically provided in the Policy that the SMC Group, which

includes herein Company, shall not tolerate retaliation in any form against a director, officer, employee or other interested party who, in good faith, raises a concern or reports a possible violation under the policy.

#### I. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

### 1) Ownership Structure<sup>102</sup>

#### (a) Holding 5% shareholding or more

Shareholder	No. of Shares Held	Percent	Beneficial Owner
San Miguel Corporation	216,972,000 (Common)	78.27%	
(parent company)	32,786,885 (Preferred)		San Miguel Corporation
PCD Nominee Corporation (Filipino)	51,896,605	16.26%	Various

There are no officers or senior management officials of the Company who holds 5% shareholding or more in the Company.

Name of Senior Management	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
NOT APPLICABLE	NOT APPLICABLE	NOT APPLICABLE	NOT APPLICABLE
TOTAL			

### 2) Does the Annual Report disclose the following:

Key risks	YES
Corporate objectives	YES
Financial performance indicators	YES
Non-financial performance indicators	YES
Dividend policy	YES
Details of whistle-blowing policy	YES
Biographical details (at least age, qualifications, date of first appointment, relevant experience, and any other directorships of listed companies) of directors/commissioners	YES
Training and/or continuing education programme attended by each director/commissioner	YES
Number of board of directors/commissioners meetings held during the year	YES
Attendance details of each director/commissioner in respect of meetings held	YES
Details of remuneration of the CEO and each member of the board of directors/commissioners	YES

Should the Annual Report not disclose any of the above, please indicate the reason for the non-disclosure.

## 3) External Auditor's fee<sup>103</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> Updated for the year December 31, 2016 as reflected in SEC Form 17-A filed with the SEC on April 10, 2017.

Name of auditor	Audit Fee	Non-audit Fee
Manabat Sanagustin & Co., CPAs	7 million	
(now R.G. Manabat & Co.)		

#### 4) Medium of Communication

List down the mode/s of communication that the company is using for disseminating information.

The Company keeps the stakeholders updated on material information through the filing of structured (such as but not limited to the following: SEC Form 17-A; SEC Form 17-Q; General Information Sheet; IS-20; Consolidated Financial Statements; Public Ownership Report; and Foreign Ownership Report) and unstructured reports (relative to the information relayed through the filing of SEC- Form 17-C on current reports) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and/or Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

The Company also conducts quarterly Investor's Briefing. Other information are disclosed to the Company though press releases and information uploaded in the Company website.

### 5) Date of release of audited financial report<sup>104</sup>:

The Separate Financial Statements of the Company was filed with the Bureau of Internal Revenue of April 13, 2016.

The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the fiscal year 2016 was filed together with the SEC Form 17-A with the SEC on April 10, 2017.

#### 6) Company Website

Does the company have a website disclosing up-to-date information about the following?

Business operations	YES
Financial statements/reports (current and prior years)	YES
Materials provided in briefings to analysts and media	YES
Shareholding structure	YES
Group corporate structure	YES
Downloadable annual report	YES
Notice of AGM and/or EGM	YES
Company's constitution (company's by-laws, memorandum and articles of association)	YES

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

#### Disclosure of RPT<sup>105</sup>

RPT	Relationship	Nature	Value (in Millions)
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 $<sup>^{103}</sup>$  Updated for the year December 31, 2016 as reflected in SEC Form 17-A filed with the SEC on April 10, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> Updated to reflect information as of April 10, 2017.

 $<sup>^{105}</sup>$  Updated for the year December 31, 2016 as reflected in SEC Form 17-A filed with the SEC on April 10, 2017 .

The Company and its subsidiaries (GSMI	Seller-Buyer	Revenue from Related Parties ("RP")	Php 6,479
Group) in the normal	Buyer-Seller	Purchases from RP	Php229,512
course of business, has	Creditor-Debtor	Amounts owed by RP	Php3,291
significant transactions	Debtor-Creditor	Amounts owed to RP	Php46,805
with related parties			
pertaining to purchases			
of containers, bottles			
and other packaging			
materials and sale of			
liquor and by-products.			
The sales to and			
purchases from related			
parties are made at			
market prices.			

When RPTs are involved, what processes are in place to address them in the manner that will safeguard the interest of the company and in particular of its minority shareholders and other stakeholders?

Transactions with related parties are made at normal market prices and terms. An assessment is undertaken at each financial year by examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. The Company observes an arm's length policy in its dealings with related parties.

#### J. RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS

1) Right to participate effectively in and vote in Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings

### (a) Quorum

Give details on the quorum required to convene the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting as set forth in its Bylaws.

Quarum Baquirad	A quorum shall consist of stockholders representing a majority
Quorum Required	of the subscribed and outstanding capital stock.

#### (b) System Used to Approve Corporate Acts

Explain the system used to approve corporate acts.

System Used <sup>106</sup>	The approval of corporate acts will require an affirmative vote of the majority of the shares of stock present or represented by proxy at the meeting.
Description	The counting of Ayes and Nayes or a show of hands is the method by which the votes are counted. The Corporate Secretary, with the assistance of the Company's stock transfer agent, is authorized to count any votes cast during the meeting.

### (c) Stockholders' Rights

List any Stockholders' Rights concerning Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting that differ from those laid down in the Corporation Code.

<sup>106</sup> Updated to reflect information as of a May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

Stockholders' Rights under The Corporation Code	Stockholders' Rights <u>not</u> in The Corporation Code
Voting Rights Proprietary Rights: Right to Dividends and to Liquidation Assets Remedial Rights Appraisal Rights Right to Inspect Books	Right not to be denied representation in the Board as shown in the CG Manual provision which states that a director shall not be removed without cause if it will deny minority shareholders representation in the Board;  The right specifically given to minority shareholders to propose the holding of the meeting and to propose items in the agenda of the meeting; and  Right that any doubt about the validity of the proxy shall be resolved in the shareholder's favor.

#### Dividends

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date
	No dividend declaration in 2016 <sup>107</sup>	

#### (d) Stockholders' Participation 108

1. State, if any, the measures adopted to promote stockholder participation in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting, including the procedure on how stockholders and other parties interested may communicate directly with the Chairman of the Board, individual directors or board committees. Include in the discussion the steps the Board has taken to solicit and understand the views of the stockholders as well as procedures for putting forward proposals at stockholders' meetings.

2. Measures Adopted	3. Communication Procedure
4. Proxy form	5. Attached to the Information Statement sent to the stockholders.
6. Question and Answer/Open Forum	7. Stockholders are given the chance to ask questions, as well as make a statement or suggestion during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

- 8. State the company policy of asking shareholders to actively participate in corporate decisions regarding:
  - a. Amendments to the company's constitution
  - b. Authorization of additional shares
  - c. Transfer of all or substantially all assets, which in effect results in the sale of the company

Shareholders are encouraged to actively participate in the annual meeting to discuss and approve the foregoing matters. Stockholders are encouraged to personally attend the annual meeting but if they cannot they are encouraged to appoint a proxy to represent them in the meeting. A sample of the proxy form, which need not be notarized is attached to the Information Statement distributed to stockholders for their easy reference.

The Company's CG Manual also emphasizes the duty of the directors in the promotion of shareholders' rights,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> Updated for the year December 31, 2016 as reflected in SEC Form 17-A filed with the SEC on April 10, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

as shown in the following duties of the directors:

- duty to remove impediments to the exercise of shareholders' rights and allow possibilities to seek redress for violation of their rights;
- duty to encourage the exercise of shareholders' voting rights and the solution of collective action problems through appropriate mechanisms;
- duty to be instrumental in removing excessive costs and other administrative or practical impediments to shareholders participating in meetings and/or voting in person; and
- duty to pave the way for the electronic filing and distribution of shareholder information necessary to make informed decisions subject to legal constraints.
- 9. Does the company observe a minimum of 21 business days for giving out of notices to the AGM where items to be resolved by shareholders are taken up?

Pursuant to its By-laws, the Company sends notices of regular meetings of stockholders at least two (2) weeks prior to the date of the meeting to each stockholder of record at his last known post office address. Thus, effectively, the Company sends out the said notices at least fifteen (15) business days prior to the date of the annual stockholders' meeting.

- a. Date of sending out notices: May 4, 2076<sup>109</sup>
- b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: May 25, 2017<sup>110</sup>
- 10. State, if any, questions and answers during the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting. 111

Questions	Answers
	(The first question was answered by the Vice-Chairman,
	Mr. Ramon S. Ang, while the rest were answered by Given
	by the President, Mr. Bernard D. Marquez)
To what do you attribute GSMI's good 2016	The major factors which resulted in the good performance
performance?	of the Company are dedicated management, cohesive
	teamwork and good governance.
Will GSMI launch new products this year?	The Company is currently developing some products
	which will be launched in the market hopefully by the
	second half of the year for both domestic and
	international market. But in the meantime, the Company
	is focusing on its core brands and improving their
	relevance in the current areas where they are distributed,
	and in new areas as well.
Does the Barangay Ginebra's performance in	Yes, definitely with the team lalo na nung nanalo tayo
the PBA affects sales performance	nung Championship gumaganda yung awareness at
	tumataas yung relevance ng brand ulit sa mga consumer
	so I think there's a positive effect, Ginebra being the most
	popular team in the PBA, Ginebra San Miguel also is the
	most popular gin in the Philippines and in the world.
	ppines and in the normal

11. Result of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting's Resolutions 112

 $<sup>^{109}</sup>$  Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

12. Resolution	13. Approving	14. Dissenting	15. Abstaining
16. Approval of the Minutes of the 2015 Regular Stockholders' Meeting	17. 85.557%	18. None	19. None
20. Presentation of the Annual report	21. 85.557%	22. None	23. None
24. Ratification of acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and Corporate Officers	25. 85.557%	26. None	27. None
28. Appointment of External Auditors – R.G. Manabat & Co.	29. 85.557%	30. None	31. None
32. Election of Directors	33. 85.557%	34. None	35. None

36. Date of publishing of the result of the votes taken during the most recent AGM for all resolutions: 113

On May 25, 2017, the date of the 2016 Regular Stockholders' Meeting, the stockholders physically present in the said meeting were immediately made aware of the results of the votes since every item in the agenda was taken up and voted upon. Moreover, information about the quorum, and proxies held by the Chairman who was authorized to vote for the approval of the corporate acts, were announced at the beginning of the meeting.

#### (e) Modifications

State, if any, the modifications made in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting regulations during the most recent year and the reason for such modification:

Modifications	Reason for Modification
NONE	NOT APPLICABLE

### (f) Stockholders' Attendance 114

(i) Details of Attendance in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting Held

Type of Meeting	Names of Board members / Officers present	Date of Meeting	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of hands, etc.)	% of SH Attending in Person	% of SH in Proxy	Total % of SH attendance
Annual	Directors Present: Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr. Ramon S. Ang	May 25, 2017	By show of hands		78.27%	85.56%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

<sup>114</sup> Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

	Bernard D.					
	Marquez <sup>115</sup>					
	Leo S. Alvez					
	Gabriel S.					
	Claudio					
	Mario K. Surio					
	Minita V. Chico-					
	Nazario					
	Aurora S.					
	Lagman					
	Officers					
	Present:					
	Ferdinand K.					
	Constantino					
	(SMC Senior					
	Vice President					
	and CFO)					
	Virgilio S.					
	Jacinto					
	(Corporate					
	Secretary)					
	Conchita P.					
	Jamora (Asst.					
	Corp. Secretary)					
	Cynthia M.					
	Baroy (Chief					
	Finance Officer)					
	Management					
	Committee					
	Members					
	Present:					
	Nelson S. Elises					
	Charity Anne					
	Chiong					
	Emmanuel B.					
	Macalalag <sup>116</sup>					
	Allan P.					
	Mercado					
	Roxanne Angela					
	B. Millan					
	Angeline F. Uy					
Special		No .	Special Meeting wo	as held in 2010	6	

(ii) Does the company appoint an independent party (inspectors) to count and/or validate the votes at the

Resigned as Director effective September 30, 2017, as disclosed in SEC Forms 17-C filed with the SEC on September 25 and 29, 2017.
Appointed as General Manager of the Company vice Mr. Bernard D. Marquez, who resigned effective September 30, 2017, as

disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with the SEC on September 29, 2017.

### ASM/SSMs?

The counting of the ayes and nays or show of hands is the method by which votes are counted during the annual stockholders' meeting. The Corporate Secretary, with the assistance of SMC Stock Transfer Service Corporation, as the Company's stock transfer agent, is authorized to count any votes cast during the meeting.

(iii) Do the company's common shares carry one vote for one share? If not, disclose and give reasons for any divergence to this standard. Where the company has more than one class of shares, describe the voting rights attached to each class of shares.

Every stockholder entitled to vote during the annual stockholders' meeting shall be entitled to one (1) vote for each share of stock in his name in the books of the Company. However, in electing members to the Board, every stockholder is entitled to accumulate his votes in accordance with Section 24 of the Corporation Code.

### (g) Proxy Voting Policies

State the policies followed by the company regarding proxy voting in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

	Company's Policies
Execution and acceptance of proxies	Proxies must be in writing, executed by the stockholders or his duly authorized attorney-in-fact and must be submitted to the Corporate Secretary.
Notary	Proxies need not be notarized.
Submission of Proxy	Section 7 of the Company's By-Laws required that all proxies must be in the hands of the Corporate Secretary not later than ten (10) working days before the time set for the meeting unless the Board of Directors shall fix another period, which period must be made known to the stockholders within a reasonable time.
Several Proxies	The Company complies with the provisions on proxy as provided in the Implementing Rules and Regulations of the Securities Regulation Code. Accordingly, where the Company receives more than one (1) proxy from the same stockholder and they are all undated, the postmark dates shall be considered. If the proxies are mailed on the same date, the one bearing the latest time of day of postmark is counted. If the proxies are not mailed, then the time of their actual presentation is considered. That which is presented last will be recognized. Where a proxy is given to two (2) or more persons in the alternative in one instrument, the proxy designated as an alternate can only act as proxy in the event of non-attendance of the other designated person. Where the same stockholder gives two (2) or more proxies, the latest one given is to be deemed to revoke all former proxies.
Validity of Proxy	Proxies shall be valid only for the meeting at which it has been presented to the Corporate Secretary.
Proxies executed abroad	Proxies executed abroad to be effective and honored by the Company should be duly authenticated by the Philippines Embassy or Consular Office.
Invalidated Proxy	Invalidated proxies shall not be included for quorum and voting purposes.

Validation of Proxy	The Board shall schedule when the validation of proxies shall take place, which schedule is made known to the stockholders through the Notice of Meeting and Information Statement sent to them prior to the Annual Stockholders' Meeting
Violation of Proxy	If the instruction of the stockholder as set out in his proxy form is not followed, then the proxy vote shall not be honored.

### (h) Sending of Notices

State the company's policies and procedure on the sending of notices of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Policies	Procedure
Notices of regular meetings of stockholders together with the Information Statement are sent by the Corporate Secretary at least two (2) weeks prior to the date of the meeting to each stockholder of record. The notice shall state the place, date and hour of the meeting.	Notices of regular meetings of stockholders together with the Information Statement are sent by the Corporate Secretary by personal delivery or by mailing the notice at least two weeks prior to the date of the meeting to each stockholder of record at his last known post office address.

## (i) Definitive Information Statements and Management Report 117

Number of Stockholders entitled to receive	719 Stockholders were entitled to receive the
Definitive Information Statements and	Information Statement.
Management Report and Other Materials	
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive	May 4, 2017
Information Statement and Management Report	
and Other Materials held by market	
participants/certain beneficial owners	
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive	May 4, 2017
Information Statement and Management Report	
and Other Materials held by stockholders	
State whether CD format or hard copies were	CD
distributed	
If yes, indicate whether requesting stockholders	Yes
were provided hard copies	

## (j) Does the Notice of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting include the following 118:

Yes, the information asked below were all included in the Information Statement circulated to the stockholders entitled to vote in the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting.

Each resolution to be taken up deals with only one item.	YES
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>117</sup>Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>118</sup>Updated to reflect information as of May 25, 2017, the date of the 2017 Regular Stockholders' Meeting of the Company.

Profiles of directors (at least age, qualification, date of first appointment, experience, and directorships in other listed companies) nominated for election/re-election.	YES
The auditors to be appointed or re-appointed.	YES
An explanation of the dividend policy, if any dividend is to be declared.	YES
The amount payable for final dividends.	YES
Documents required for proxy vote.	YES

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

### 2) Treatment of Minority Stockholders

(a) State the company's policies with respect to the treatment of minority stockholders.

Policies	Implementation	
The Company is committed to respect minority interests and declares such in its CG Manual.	Minority stockholders are accorded, among others, the following rights:	
	Right not to be denied representation in the Board as shown in the CG Manual provision which states that a director shall not be removed without cause if it will deny minority shareholders representation in the Board;	
	The right specifically given to minority shareholders to propose the holding of the meeting and to propose items in the agenda of the meeting;	
	Right that any doubt about the validity of the proxy shall be resolved in the shareholder's favor	

(b) Do minority stockholders have a right to nominate candidates for board of directors?

Yes.

#### K. INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM

1) Discuss the company's external and internal communications policies and how frequently they are reviewed. Disclose who reviews and approves major company announcements. Identify the committee with this responsibility, if it has been assigned to a committee.

The Company has a Business Affairs Communications Office which handles communication with media and internal publications. Stakeholders are also provided through the Investor Relations Office of the Company and its parent company, SMC, disclosures, announcements, and upon request, with periodic reports filed with the SEC and PSE.

All information/disclosures for release are cleared and approved by the Corporate General Counsel, Chief Finance Officer and the President.

2) Describe the company's investor relations program including its communications strategy to promote effective communication with its stockholders, other stakeholders and the public in general. Disclose the contact details (e.g. telephone, fax and email) of the officer responsible for investor relations.

	Details
(1) Objectives	To effectively communicate the company's performance, plans and strategies to the capital market, as well as, develop a long term relationship of trust with stakeholders, using the discipline in finance, communication and marketing and manage the content and flow of company information/disclosures to the financial markets.
(2) Principles	Provide consistent and reliable information that would assist investors in their investment decision.
(3) Modes of Communications	Company disclosures, One-on-one meetings, Email, Telephone calls and quarterly joint investors briefing with the SMC Group.
(4) Investors Relations Officer	Reyna-Beth D. de Guzman, SMC Investor Relations Contact no. (632) 632-3752Email: rdeguzman@smg.sanmiguel.com.ph

3) What are the company's rules and procedures governing the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as mergers, and sales of substantial portions of corporate assets?

Any major plans or extraordinary transactions of the Company pass through a team that evaluates the viability of the transaction and ensures that it will have a strategic fit with the Company. This is eventually presented to the Board for approval.

Name of the independent party the board of directors of the company appointed to evaluate the fairness of the transaction price.

The Company gets the services of Investment Banks who provides advice on the fairness of transaction price.

#### L. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES<sup>119</sup>

Discuss any initiative undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the company.

Initiative	Beneficiary	
Scholarship Program (which also covered expenses for board review and exam) for three (3) BS Chemistry and two (2) BS Mechanical Engineering graduating students	Individuals from Regions 1, 3, 4, 7 and Nationa Capital Region	
SMC Team Malasakit Program The Company, as part of the San Miguel Group, and in coordination with the San Miguel Foundation, Inc. conducted various activities such as:  1. House Build – April 16, 2016 2. Brigada Eskwela – June 4, 2016 3. Dance Crew Competition – September 30, 2016	Habitat for Humanity Philippines, Rizal National High School, Mandaluyong Elementary School and children of Baseco Compound	
4. Christmas Outreach – December 17, 2016		
Birthday Bash Outreach Program	Hospicio de San Jose, Elsie Guches, Nayon ng	
Employees of the Company celebrated their birthdays on	Kabataan and Asilo de San Vicente de Paul	
different foundation last April 25, June 17, October 7 and		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>119</sup> Updated for the year ended December 31, 2016.

December 16.	
Participated in the "Brigada Eskwela" program of the	Subangdaku Elementary School in Mandaue,
Department of Education through the rehabilitation of	Cebu
classrooms.	
Tree Planting Activity	Brgy. Pung-ol Sibugay Cebu City
Planted 565 seedlings	

## M. BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL

Disclose the process followed and criteria used in assessing the annual performance of the board and its committees, individual director, and the CEO/President.

	Process	Criteria		
	Accomplishment of Annual Self- Rating Form	Performance of the Board in accordance with best practices in corporate governance and effectiveness of the Company's governance process.		
Board of Directors		The assessment covers the following areas of Board performance: Fulfillment of the Board's Key Responsibilities; Board-Management Relationship;		
		Effectiveness of Board Process and Meetings; Individual performance of directors.		
	Accomplishment of Self- Assessment Worksheet by the Audit Committee Members (pursuant to its Manual, which will be implemented in 2013)	Assessment of the performance of the Committees based on their respective charters to determine if the same accords with best practice.		
Board Committees	A similar Self-Assessment Worksheet is intended to be adopted for the Nomination and Hearing Committee and Executive Compensation Committee.			
Individual Directors	Accomplishment of Annual Self- Rating Form (Portion on Individual Performance of Board Members)	on performance of the Directors to		
CEO/President Annual Performance Evaluation		Key Performance Indicators, which includes, among others, the business performance of the Company.		

### N. INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS

Discuss the internal policies on sanctions imposed for any violation or breach of the corporate governance manual involving directors, officers, management and employees

Violations	Sanctions	
Violations of the provisions of the CG Manual	The CG Manual provides that the among the duties of	
	a Compliance Officer is the determination of	
	violation/s of the CG Manual and recommendation of	
	penalty for the said violation/s for further review and	
	approval of the Board.	

signed on behalf of the registrant by the undersigned on, 20	ned, thereunt	o duly	authorized,	in t	he Cit	y of
SIGNATU	RES					
(ORIGINAL S	•					
EDUARDO M. COJ	-					
Chairman of the Chief Executiv						
(ORIGINAL SIGNED) MINITA V. CHICO-NAZARIO			(ORIGINAL S ANGELINA S. 0		•	
Independent Director			Independent	Directo	or	
(ORIGINAL S	IGNED)					
VIRGILIO S. J	ACINTO					
Compliance	Officer					
<b>SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN</b> to before me this 21 <sup>st</sup> day of June 20 as follows:	13, affiant(s) exh	nibiting to	o me their			

<u>NAME</u>	TYPE OF I.D./NO.	DATE OF ISSUE	PLACE OF ISSUE
Eduardo M. Cojuangco, Jr.	Passport No. XX0410612	Feb. 16, 2012	Manila
Minita V. Chico-Nazario	TIN No. 146-148-455		
Angelina S. Gutierrez	TIN No. 130-188-514		
Virgilio S. Jacinto	Passport No. EB0971552	Sep 17, 2010	Manila

### **NOTARY PUBLIC**

CARMELA T. DELA PAZ
Commission No. 0364-12

Doc. No. 105;

Page No. 22;

Book No. IV;

Series of 2013.

CARMELA T. DELA PAZ
Commission No. 0364-12

Notary Public for Mandaluyong City
Until Dec. 31, 2013

SMC, 40 San Miguel Ave., Mandaluyong City
Roll No. 57052

PTR No. 1619906; 01/03/13; Mandaluyong City IBP Lifetime Member No. 010580; 02/09/12; Makati City

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>120</sup> Resigned Effective October 8, 2014 as disclosed in SEC Form 17-C filed with SEC on October 17, 2014.